THE MORNING STAR

Gives the Largest Quantity

And Variety of Reading Matter,

Of Any Daily Newspaper in North Carolina.

Entered at the Postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., as Second-class Mail Matter.

SUN	MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT
☽	☽	1	2	3	4	5
6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19
20	21	22	23	24	25	26
27	28	29	30	31	☽	☽

Port Almanac—October 25.

Sun Rises	6.16 A M
Sun Sets	5.12 P M
Day's Length	10 h 56 m
High Water at Southport	1.48 A M
High Water at Wilmington	3.35 A M

The Weather.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE, WEATHER BUREAU, WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 25

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 48°; 8 p. m. 56°; maximum, 64°; minimum, 55°; mean 54°.

Rainfall for the day .00; rainfall for the month up to date, .81.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

For North Carolina, fair; warmer; south to west winds.

For South Carolina, fair, variable winds; slightly warmer.

OUTLINES

England's ultimatum may not reach Venezuela for several weeks; the situation is still being discussed by diplomats in Washington. —— The officers and crew of the steamer City of St. Augustine, which was burned at sea, were rescued by the steamer City of Macon. —— —— Corbett and his party are packing up to leave Arkansas for New York; Gov. Clark expresses himself as greatly relieved over the news that the pugilists are going to leave the State. —— The New England Cotton Manufacturers' Association met in Atlanta yesterday; it is the first time the organization has ever met outside of the New England States. ——On account of the disturbed condition of Corea Russia has sent a squadron of war vessels there. —— Rumors of the contemplated transfer of the seat of the Papacy to Avignon, France, have been revived, but are not credited in Rome. ——President Cleveland and party arrived in Washington last night from their visit to the Atlanta Exposition. —— The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad has broken the world's record for fast running, covering 510 miles at the rate of 68.10 miles an hour. —— A verdict of not guilty was rendered in the trial of an alleged bogus insurance case at Beaufort, N. C. ——In the report on church work, made to the American Missionary Association, at Detroit, Mich., mention was made of the fact that more churches were organized by the Association in North Carolina last year than had been organized all through the South during any one of the preceding ten years. —— Marion Butler gives his views regarding the organization of the United States Senate. —— Gov. Atkinson, of Georgia, offers $800 for the arrest of the Seigler brothers, who killed Sheriff Brooks. —— November 6th has been selected as Cuban Day at the Atlanta Exposition. —— The general condition of the South, as indicated by reports to the Baltimore *Manufacturers' Record*, continues to be very encouraging. —— Fatal combat between a railroad brakeman and a conductor. ——Seventeen persons were injured, several fatally, in an accident on the New Haven & Hartford Railroad. —— New York markets: Money on call was firm at 2@2½ per cent., last loan at 2 per cent. and closing offered at 2 per cent.; cotton easy—middling gulf 8¾c; middling 8½c; Southern flour quiet and firm—common to fair extra $2.10@2.80; good to choice $2.90@3 30; wheat—spot was firm and active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70¾c; afloat 73¼c; corn—spot quiet; No. 2 at elevator 39c; afloat 40c; spirits turpentine dull but steady at 28¼@28¾c; rosin quiet and steady—strained common to good $1.65@1.70.

The Rev. Heber T. Newton, of New York, wants to compromise on a sort of a German Sunday with the beer garden attachment.

If Jim and Bob can't pull off their mill on land what's to prevent them from taking a scow and going out beyond the three-mile limit somewhere? That would be better than scowling and jawing at each other.

From the time that Senator Sherman entered public life, in 1855, he never was out of office but one day and that was the day that intervened between his resignation from Garfield's cabinet and his return to the Senate.

Edward Johnson, of Middletown, Conn., has been a voter for seventy-three years and glories in never having voted any but the Democratic ticket. What placid end should come to that old man. Such a monumental Democrat deserves a monument.

London is discussing the project of supplying herself with pure water by damming two of the rivers in the Welsh mountains, and carrying the water to London by an aqueduct 170 miles long. This would give 415,000,000 gallons a day at a cost of $194,000,000.

THE MORNING STAR

VOL. LVII.—NO. 29. WILMINGTON, N. C., FRIDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,888

The man who will not trust banks, but insists upon running his own bank, ought to have a catacomb or something of that sort which is not accessible to the prospecting burglar. The failure to attend to this cost a Lockport, N. Y., man $10,000 the other night when burglars entered his bank in the cellar and walked off with a tin box containing that amount of money that he had saved.

Hon. Carroll D. Wright, Commissioner of Labor, in his last report estimates that the strikes which have taken place in this country in the past fourteen years, up to June 30, 1895, have cost the strikers in wages lost $190,439,382 and their employers $94,825,237. Thirty-two per cent. of the strikers got what they struck for, 12.46 per cent. were partially successfully and 55.5 per cent. got left.

There seems to be some rivalry between some of the infant industries of Ohio and of Delaware. A week or so ago a Mrs. Langdon, of Delta, Ohio, presented her husband with five boys at a birth. Mrs. Webster, of Delaware, came in a close second a few days later when she presented Mr. W. with a quartet, three girls and a boy. Mrs. W. is only 20 years old, and the Ohio lady is not much older.

English surveyors are running the boundary line between Alaska and British Columbia so as to take in the richest mining territory on the Youkon river, and American miners up there swear they'll fight before they let 'em have it. Wherever England sees a speck of gold she goes for it.

A Kentucky man wants a divorce from his wife because he supposed when he was marrying her that she was about fifteen years old and has since discovered that she is forty years old. In this case we think the sympathy ought to be with the woman for tying herself to such a gudgeon.

Gen. Campos, the Spanish commander in Cuba, has now under him, all told, 76,262 men, to which 35,000 or 40,000 are to be added, which will give him an army of about 110,000. Under competent leadership such an army ought to be able to stamp out the "insurrection" there in short order.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

G L HARMAN—Drugs at cost.

J W MURCHISON—Hardware, &c.

JAS D NUTT—Freesia's crocusses.

BUNTING—Licentiate in phar'y wanted.

CRONLY & MORRIS—Real estate at auction.

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

JAS H TAYLOR—Handsome stove.

NEILL MCKINNON—Crackers, cakes.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Mr. and Mrs. Sol Sternberger left yesterday for Atlanta on a bridal tour.

— Mr. and Mrs. Julius Hahn left yesterday for Atlanta, Ga., to take in the Exposition.

— Mr. and Mrs. Solomon Sternberger Jr., left yesterday on their bridal tour to Atlanta.

— Mr. Jos. Shields, who has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. Sol Bear, left yesterday for a trip throughout the South.

— Mr. C. H. Stevens, of the Southport *Leader*, president of the N. C. Press Association, has returned from Atlanta.

— Messrs. E. Luafera, North Carolina; A. R. Rayen, Scott's Hill; F. B. Lewis, D. M. Tedder, North Carolina; H. B. Short, Lake Waccamaw; A. J. Galloway, Goldsboro, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

Foot-Ball.

The foot-ball boys were out last night for practice and the team is now beginning to show improvement. Mr. DuBrutz Cutlar, Jr., has accepted the management of the team and a bright future for the boys is predicted.

Practice takes place to-night at 8 o'clock sharp, and all members are requested to be on hand promptly. Visitors are cordially invited to attend.

Fatal Accident.

The STAR regrets to hear that Mrs. Brown, sister of Mrs. W. C. Norman, of this city, was thrown from a buggy in Salisbury Wednesday afternoon, and died from the injuries received. She lived but a short time after the accident.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

The STAR Britannica Department is still filling orders for the Encyclopædia Britannica. This is the latest and best edition of this great work. Issued in 25 volumes, bound in cloth or sheep. For full particulars read announcement on hird page, or inquire at the STAR office.

Housekeepers who want servants are in the habit of supplying their needs from the STAR'S want column. Are you looking for a situation? The STAR'S want column will bring you the best results. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for less than 20 cents tf

If there is anything you want, advertise for it. Is there anything you don't want? Advertise it in the Business Locals of the STAR. One cent a word. But no ad. taken for ess than 20 cents. tf

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— Local forecast: Fair till Saturday night; warmer Saturday; northerly winds.

— The stage of water in the river at Fayetteville Wednesday at 8 a. m. was 1.4 feet; a rise of one-tenth of a foot in 24 hours.

— The decorations at the Jewish Synagogue for the marriage night before last were designed and arranged by Mr Jno. Knight.

— The STAR'S Raleigh correspondent says that Marshal Carroll expects a decision in the case of the steamer *Commodore* next Monday.

— The Carolina Central Railroad announces that their rate to the Maxton Fair, the 30th of this month, will be $2.35, or the regular first class fare one way.

— The British steamer *Dorset* cleared yesterday for Bremen, Germany, with 7,925 bales cotton, valued at $825,168.58. Vessel and cargo by Messrs. Geo. H. McFadden & Bro.

— A thief visited the residence of Mr. J. H. Sykes, on Sixth between Wooster and Dawson streets, Wednesday night, and got away with six dollars a half in money, taken from the pockets of a pair of pants which were found in the yard of the residence yesterday morning.

— The Atlanta *Constitution* of Oct. 20th says: "One of the most beautiful women among the Colonial Dames is Mrs. Giles, of Wilmington, N. C. She has the charm of a youthful face, with the exquisite complexion of a young girl, and to enhance it a halo of snow white hair. Her hair, of course, is prematurely white, and with her young face it makes her look like a powdered beauty of the olden days."

Died at Orton Plantation.

Those of the lovers of rod and gun who have enjoyed the sport so abundant at Orton plantation for thirty years or more, will be pained to hear of the death of "Billy" Davis, a worthy colored man, which occurred there yesterday afternoon. He had been living on the old plantation for probably fifty years, and was thoroughly posted on the habits and haunts of the fish and game that have so long made "Orton" the paradise of sportsmen. "Billy" was a man of many excellent qualities, and the writer, whom he had guided, on land and water, through so many days of successful sport, places on record this brief tribute to his memory.

Cotton Notes.

Receipts here yesterday 362 bales; same day last year, 5,166.

Spot cotton closed easy in New York at 8¼c. for middling; firm in Wilmington at 8¼c.

Net receipts at the ports 38,630 bales; same day last year, 62,188.

New York future market closed the same to one point higher than closing prices Wednesday; sales 486,500 bales.

Another British steamer arrived yesterday to load cotton at the Champion Compress.

The British steamship *Dorset*, which was cleared yesterday for Bremen by McFadden & Bro., is the first vessel to load this season at the Wilmington Compress.

NAVAL STORES IN FLORIDA.

Georgia Turpentine Operators Seeking New Fields—The Territory in Georgia Being Rapidly Exhausted.

The Savannah naval stores dealers, says the *News*, are gradually extending their operations into Florida. For some years the Savannah factors have had dealings with customers in the northern tier of Florida counties, but now they are gradually extending their operations further south, until now they reach down towards Tampa on the west side and for a considerable distance south of Jacksonville, along the St. John's river, on the east side. These facts are obtained from naval stores factors and railroad men. A prominent railroad man told the *Morning News* that the naval stores traffic from Florida is increasing every year. A well known naval stores factor, when asked about this yesterday, said:

"Yes, we are extending our territory into Florida every year. The turpentine territory in Georgia is rapidly playing out, and it is necessary for us to extend our operations into Florida. I had half a dozen large customers last year who moved from Georgia into Florida. They sold out their places in Georgia. Part has been abandoned and part will continue to produce a certain amount of naval stores for some time to come, though in gradually reducing quantities. This move southward must continue as the Georgia turpentine territory plays out. Practically all of the available turpentine territory in this State has been or is being worked. There is very little railroad building going on to open up new territory and in fact there is not much territory left to open up. The turpentine operators can work ten to fifteen miles from the railroads, which the lumbermen cannot do without building tram roads, so that while there is a great deal of good lumber timber left in this State there is not very much left for the turpentine operator. Georgia will continue to produce naval stores for some years to come, however. There are still large bodies of land held by corporations and private owners, who have refused to sell the turpentine privilege and this is gradually coming on the market."

"There is a very good field open to us in Florida. We are able to secure competing rates from most of the turpentine country there. This has enabled us to work down toward Tampa. The same thing has enabled us to extend our operations along the St. John's river where we have the steamboat lines and two competing lines of railroad. The completion of the Florida, Central and Peninsular Railroad to Savannah has proven a great advantage to us in this respect."

"We will have no trouble in holding the trade, too," he added. "The naval stores trade has such a firm foothold here and the facilities for handling it are such that it would not be an easy matter to deflect it. Then, our railroad connections are such as to give us practical command of the territory. Savannah will continue to be the principal naval stores market for many years to come."

A STORMY MEETING

Of Republicans Last Night—Captured by Adherents of Ex-Judge Russell—Resolutions Adopted Endorsing Russell as the Republican Candidate for Governor.

A large number of colored voters assembled last night at Giblem Lodge, corner of 8th and Princess streets, to answer a call made by Jas. Elder, J. O. Nixon and C. P. Lackey for an Anti-Russell meeting.

At 8 o'clock the meeting was called to order with Mr. Jas. Elder as temporary chairman and F. Sadgwar (colored) secretary. At this juncture about two hundred of the Russell element entered the hall taking charge of everything and electing Andrew Walker (colored) as their chairman. Both chairmen remained on the rostrum throughout the meeting and disorder and dissatisfaction prevailed.

J. O. Nixon (colored) spoke, opposing Russell and his gang, but was followed by none of his crowd, as the Russellites captured the meeting and held it their way throughout.

J. B. Dudley (colored) spoke of this being no time to trifle, that the negroes should follow their allwise and skillful leader, Judge D. L. Russell.

City Attorney David B. Sutton followed, challenging C. P. Lockey to speak, saying that he was a coward, hound and rascal of the lowest type, and accusing Nixon of being a boodler or bribe-taker. His denunciation of the Democratic party and the white people was extremely bitter, and in fact he made a regular "nigger" speech. He said that Lockey had boot-licked for office, and was a red-legged grasshopper and a rascal combined, and that Nixon had received $800 to vote the Republican ticket.

J. S. W. Eagles then began reading some resolutions, but the tumult and noise interrupted him and Mr. Sutton finished the reading, calling a vote on each resolution. There were loud responses of "yes," and equally loud responses of "no."

The resolutions were as follows:

The Republicans of New Hanover County in mass meeting assembled, resolve

First: That Hon. D. L. Russell is their choice for Governor of the State of North Carolina, and we endorse his course when he advised the Republicans and Populists in the Legislature to take charge of all departments of the State government, and to turn out the county commissioners and all other Democrats; and we approve of his course in advising the Police Board of the city to turn Democrats out and to turn Republicans and Populists in.

Second: That we endorse the administration of the Republican officials of New Hanover County.

Third: That we condemn the gang who call themselves Republicans who are the agents of the Democrats to assist them in carrying the State of North Carolina and the Legislature to pass an act to disfranchise the negro voters like has been done in the State of South Carolina.

Mr. Sutton announced that the resolutions were carried.

In Eagles' speech, he accused Elder of being mad on account of not being appointed jailor. Elder at once pronounced him a liar, and confusion prevailed; but Eagles didn't reply.

J. E. Taylor (colored) then spoke in favor of Russell and was followed by E. M. Green (colored), who said Lockey had sold out the party for a handsome sum, two years ago. Lockey jumped up and said "You are a liar."

Salem Bell and Wm. Johnson (both colored) spoke in favor of Russell and the old leaders.

Mr. Sutton arose and called for three cheers for Russell, and waving a sword, stated that the fight was on in earnest.

Mr. Jas. Elder and Mr. Sutton had words after the meeting. The Russell contingent was out in force, and captured everything.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Naval Stores and Cotton Yesterday.

Wilmington & Weldon R. R.—87 bales cotton.

Wilmington, Columbia & Augusta R. R.—387 bales cotton, 36 casks spirits turpentine, 127 bbls rosin, 165 bbls tar, 11 bbls crude turpentine.

Carolina Central R. R.—9 bales cotton, 71 casks spirits turpentine, 281 bbls rosin, 34 bbls tar.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley R. R.—21 bales cotton, 56 casks spirits turpentine, 178 bbls rosin, 185 bbls tar.

Steamer Daggett—1 bale cotton, 6 bbls tar,

Flats—7 bales cotton, 14 casks spirits turpentine, 127 bbls rosin, 82 bbls tar.

Total receipts—Cotton, 362 bales; spirits turpentine, 177 casks; rosin, 718, bbls; tar, 472 bbls; crude turpentine, 11,

Death of Mrs. J. W. Millis.

Mrs. Elizabeth Millis, wife of Mr. J. W. Millis, died yesterday morning at 4 o'clock at the residence of the family on Wooster street. She had been sick for a long time and her death was not unexpected. She leaves a husband and four children to mourn the loss of a devoted wife and mother.

The funeral service will take place this morning at 10 o'clock from Fifth Street M. E. church, of which deceased was a member, and will be conducted by Rev. Mr. Cunninggim, the pastor. The interment will be in Oakdale cemetery.

No Rain in Sight.

Observer Graham, in his yesterday morning synopsis, said there are good prospects for a continuance of fair weather here the remainder of the week The situation will soon be a desperate one, unless rain comes. Wells and cisterns are going dry and the water in the river is brackish. The sickness that prevails no doubt is largely a result of the long continued drought. A good heavy rain would be a great blessing.

Sixth Annual Fair.

The Sixth Annual Fair of the Border Exposition of the Carolinas will be held at Maxton, N. C., Wednesday, Thursday and Friday, Oct. 30th and 31st and Nov. 1st. Send for Premium List.

W. B. HARKER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

AT THE STATE FAIR.

LARGE CROWDS AND ATTRACTIVE EXHIBITS.

The Races—Midway Attraction—Marshals' Tournament—Meeting of Executive Committee of People's Party—Spier Whitaker in Attendance—Farmers' Alliance Committee Still in Session—Case of the Commodore—State Dairymen's Association Organized—Fire in Durham.

[*Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 23.

The trains this morning brought in very large crowds. The attendance will be way up in the thousands. One of the most attractive exhibits at the Fair is that of J. S. Carr. In his tobacco exhibit there is an imitation of the Liberty bell done in the golden weed. This is one of the most attractive exhibits on the grounds. The cattle and poultry exhibits are much admired. The Midway comes in for most attraction. There was never the like of side shows before. There has been some talk of having the Hutchy-Kutchy dances put from the grounds.

The races are considered good. Whedby won the free for all pace, and Kitty Hawks took the 2.30 trot easy. The running race between Senator and Jenola resulted in a dead heat.

Mr. D. Boyd Kimball won in the marshals' tournament.

Marshal Carroll says that he expects a decision in the *Commodore* case Monday. He will go to Newbern on that date.

All the banks in the city are closed to-day.

The policemen have donned their new Winter uniforms.

Capt. Ashe's paper has made its appearance. It is neat and full of interesting matter.

The Executive Committee of the Peoples' party met last evening pursuant to a call, in the room of Senator Butler at the Yarborough. When asked what would be done at the meeting, Otho Wilson promptly replied that only routine matters would be taken up. Other members said that there was no special object for the meeting; "just a good time to get the boys together," they replied.

The committee was in session several hours. What they did is not for the people to know.

Those who were present were Senator Butler, Mr. Hal Ayer, secretary to the committee; Major Guthrie, of Durham; Congressman Stroud, Mr. J. B. Lloyd, of Tarboro; W. L. Barnes, Dr. Cy Thompson, of church fame; Ambrosial Hillman, Otho Wilson, J. W. Denmark, Senator Mewborne, J. J. Rogers, Spier Whitaker and Mr. Pace.

It will be noticed that ex-Judge Spier Whitaker's name is among those in attendance. For a time there has been some concern among certain people as to Mr. Whitaker's political status. There seems to be but little doubt as to where he stands at the time of writing. It remains for some one, however, to come along and state that he was merely present as attorney.

The Executive Committee of the Alliance is still in session. Sixteen towns make bids for the shoe factory, Greensboro and Thomasville have delegations here.

The State Dairymen's Association was organized last night by the election of Col. J. S. Carr as president.

In the slump yesterday of cotton a good many lambs who were on the bull side got caught. A great many of the "know alls" say that cotton will be selling at seven cents in a few weeks. Few farmers can afford to hold their cotton for any length of time.

[*Special Star Telegram.*]

Eight thousand people saw the Fair to-day—one of the largest crowds ever in attendance.

There was another fire in Durham this morning, in the Morris brick prize store. Loss several thousand dollars. It is suspected firebugs are at work.

The magistrate decides that Register of Deeds Rogers issued a marriage license to Frank Perry unlawfully and without reasonable inquiry. Perry is 16 years old. The penalty is $200, Rogers appeals, and Perry's attorneys will enter suit against Rogers' bondsmen to recover the penalty.

At a meeting of the Agriculture Society to-night Col. Benehan Cameron was elected president for the ensuing year. John Nichols was re-elected secretary.

Hulshoff-Kerchner.

The Baltimore *Sun* of yesterday gives the following account of the marriage of a niece of Col. F. W. Kerchner, of this city, who witnessed the ceremony:

"Miss Jennie Kerchner, daughter of Mr. Ferdinand Kerchner, was married yesterday to Mr. Herman Hulshoff. The ceremony was performed with a nuptial mass at St. James' Catholic church, Aisquith and Eager streets, by Rev. William Kessel.

The bride wore a gown of white silk, trimmed with ribbons, and carried a bunch of chrysanthemums. Preceded by the ushers, she entered the church leaning on the arm of the groom, to the strains of a wedding march. The ushers were Messrs. Joseph Sperzel, Joseph Kuper and Ferdinand and John Kerchner, brothers of the bride.

"After the ceremony breakfast was served to the wedding party at the home of the bride's parents, 920 North Central avenue. Mr. and Mrs. Hulshoff left for a Northern trip. They will live at 110 Park avenue."

TWENTY-TWO FEET.

Careful Soundings on the Bar Show a Depth of Twenty-Two Feet.

The annexed very encouraging paragraph is from the Southport *Leader*:

"Last week the Cape Fear pilots—W. T. Sellers, J. R. Newton and J. J. Thompson—made thorough and careful soundings at the bar. The weather was very favorable, the water being perfectly smooth. The soundings as reported indicate 16 feet as average low water depth, the shoal being at outer point of bar. This means a depth of 22 feet at high water. The soundings were made in direct line with the ranges and along the course which the dredge *Cape Fear* is working. The pilots report the bar as being in the best condition in years, the course being direct, which is in favor of deep draught vessels."

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the STAR offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should any newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the STAR not so stamped he should be promptly reported at this office.

CLEVELAND UNDER GUARD.

THE PRESIDENT SHADOWED BY SECRET SERVICE MEN.

Mrs. Cleveland's Escort—When She Travelled with the Children from Buzzard's Bay Three Guards Were Stationed in the Car Near the Party.

[*Philadelphia Press*]

WASHINGTON, Oct. 16.—The fact that President Cleveland is always attended by a guard of secret service men whenever he makes a trip by land has long been known, but the presence of three of these detectives with Mrs. Cleveland and children when they arrived in Washington last evening was the first intimation that such an escort is always provided for the wife of the President. The precaution of having these guards is an eminently wise one, and will be approved by every good citizen who takes an interest in the welfare of the Presidential family.

When Mrs. Cleveland with her three little daughters, and accompanied by the nurse, the governess and maid, arrived in the city there were in the same car and close to the party as they entered their carriages three secret service officers, one of whom was the brother of Chief Hazen. It transpires that the attendance of these officers had not been merely temporary, but during the stay of the Cleveland family at Buzzard's Bay there was a detail watching the premises day and night in order to protect the President, his wife and little ones from cranks and evil-minded persons who might try in the seclusion of that place to work personal harm to Mr. and Mrs. Cleveland or to kidnap one or more of the children.

Even at Woodley, the country home of the President here, a guard is on duty while the family are present. And when the President comes into Washington there can usually be observed a quiet looking man on horseback who keeps within easy distance of the equipage. He is one of the trusted officers of the secret service. At the White House there are a number of special policemen on duty night and day, and their watchfulness is relied upon to prevent any injury to the Presidential family. This custom of travelling with Government detectives near their persons was not adopted by any of Mr. Cleveland's predecessors, and the precaution now is said to be taken on account of the anxiety of the President's friends. Every day or so some crank or other visits the White House, and the daily mail of the President contains threatening epistles, which, by the way, never reach his eye, as the watchful Thurber deposits them in the waste basket before he sends the mail to his chief. These evidences of disturbed minds have provoked the apparent necessity of guarding the President when he appears abroad.

The President, therefore, followed the advice of friends and his own wishes, and provided a guard for his house and home, just as any other man with his family conspicuously before the public would do.

One Cent a Word.

Hereafter advertisements to go in our "Business Locals" department will be charged one cent per word for each insertion; but no advertisement, however short, will be taken for less than 20 cents.

This is a reduction from former rates and it is also a convenience to advertisers, who can calculate the exact cost of their advertisements, which must be paid for always in advance.

DIED.

MILLIS—In this city, October 24th, ELIZABETH, wife of J. W. Millis, aged 49 years, 4 months and 20 days.

Funeral this (Friday) morning at 10 o'clock, from Fifth Street M. E. Church. Friends and acquaintances invited to attend.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Drug Stock at Cost.

In order to close out my business I will sell everything at actual cost.

Geo. L. Harman,

Druggist and Pharmacist,

No. 128 South Front St.,

oct 25 1w VonKampen Block.

Freesias, Crocusses,

Tulips, Easter Lilies (plant now for Easter), Chinese Sacred Lily,

Roman and Dutch Hyacinths.

We have a very limited stock, and they cannot be duplicated. So if you do not wish to be disappointed order now. JAS. D. NUTT,

oct 25 tf The Druggist.

Executor's Notice.

HAVING ON THE 18TH DAY OF OCTOBER, 1895, qualified before the Clerk of the Superior Court of New Hanover county as the Executrix of the last will and testament of Luhr Vollers, deceased, I hereby give notice to all persons indebted to the estate of my said testator to make early payment, and to all persons having claims against said estate to present the same to me, duly authenticated, on or before the 20th day of October, 1896.

Dated this the 18th day of October, 1895.

ELIZABETH VOLLERS,
Executrix of the last will and testament of Luhr Vollers, deceased.
fr oct 19 6t

All-Around Printer.

A FIRST-CLASS NEWSPAPER COMPOSITOR, who has also had sufficient experience as a Job Printer to make himself useful in that capacity, may secure employment at the STAR Office. Would be engaged on newspaper greater part of time.

Apply at, or address,

STAR OFFICE,
oct 18 3t nac Wilmington, N. C.

1 3-4 lb., 2 lb. and 2 1-4 lb.

Bagging.

New Arrow Ties,

August and September

DELIVERY AT LOWEST PRICES

Get our prices before buying.

WORTH & WORTH.

Wholesale Grocers.

july 27 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

J. W. Murchison

Has now in stock a complete assortment of

Hardware

Tinware,

Agricultural Implements

Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, Powder, Shot, Caps

Loaded and Unloaded Shells, &c.

In fact, the prudent buyer, who always wants the

Best Goods at the Lowest Prices,

Will find just what he wants in our large variety and assortment.

Don't forget that our leading points are

QUALITY, DURABILITY, RELIABILITY AND HONEST PRICES.

Call and examine our immense stock.

J. W. MURCHISON,

Old Stand of Giles & Murchison, Orton Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 25 tf

FLOWER SEEDS.

Heliotrope, Pansy, Mignonette, Sweet Pea, Lavender, Oriental Poppy, Sweet Rocket and many others. Also, Tulip Bulbs, Black Callas, African Callas, Easter Lillies, &c. Plant Fertilizer, Clipping Scissors, French Watering Pots, Hanging Shells, Baskets, &c.

We make a specialty of orders for any kind of Flower Seeds, Plants, Garden Utensils, &c.

Bunting's Pharmacy,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

WILMINGTON, N. C.

Wanted,

Licentiate in Pharmacy (N. C. certificate.) Must be strictly temperate, honest, industrious and of good address. Apply to

J. HICKS BUNTING,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

oct 25 tf Wilmington, N. C.

M. CRONLY, Auctioneer,

By CRONLY & MORRIS.

No Investment as Safe as Real Estate.

On Wednesday, November 13th, 1895, we will commence the sale of Real Estate and continue from day to day (except on Sunday) all of the following Real Estate belonging to the First National Bank. Said sale to be under the inspection and the direction of Mr. A. G. Ricaud as Receiver, and subject to the approval of the Court—that is to say all pieces, parcels or lots of Land being, lying, situate and being on Blocks Nos. 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 18, 19, 20, 22, 32, 47, 48, 308, 326, 510, 523, 524, 550, 551, 540, 541, 542, and entire squares Nos. 24, 25, 27, 28. 531, 532, 526, 528, 576, 577, 578.

We have at our office L. C. Turner's Block Book, James & Brown's Block Book. last edition of county of New Hanover, and can show and describe any of above Lots and will afford us pleasure so to do.

oct 25 6t 25 27 30 Nov. 1 5 10

Children's Shoes

Are a prominent item of expense in every family. It behooves every parent to buy to the best advantage. We make a specialty of

Children's Shoes,

which we are selling at prices that speak for themselves. We have just received a handsome lot of

Children's School Shoes.

Something that you'll find "a 1" for wear. If you want a pair of Shoes for your little son try a pair of our youth Cordovan Lace Shoes at $1.50. For wear there are none better. Our new line of Spring Heel Solar Tip School Shoes for Boys and Girls are just the thing needed. Don't fail to see this Shoe before purchasing. You'll find them regular money savers.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

oct 20 tf

New Catch MULLETS.

Put Up In Nice New Packages.

Send in your orders.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Nutt and Mulberry streets

sep 6 DAW tf

100 Barrels

FAT, LARGE SIZE SEPTEMBER MULLETS

Coffee, Sugar, Rice, Canned Goods Cheese, &c., which I offer at lowest prices. E. F. KEITH, 188 and 190 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 6 tf

THE MORNING STAR,

THE OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The Only Six-Dollar Daily of its Class in the State.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Judicious Buyers

Your attention is called to our immense line of

DRESS GOODS.

The patterns are all of new designs and colorings. We are positive that these goods are better than those usually brought to this market, and the price, why that's left to your judgment.

READ THESE ITEMS.

Fancy Mohair, 40-inch, black, 50c yd.

All-Wool Novelties 45c yard.

Shirt Waist Silks $1.00 yard.

Brocade Rahadamus 85c to $2 yard.

All-Wool Cloaking 37½c yard.

Special

FOR ONE WEEK—Beginning Monday, we will make, lay and furnish paper for every CARPET sold

FREE OF COST.

Cloaks and Carpets,

THIRD FLOOR.

Linens.

The largest stock we have ever carried. The prettiest patterns in

Table Damask,

Napkins and Doylies.

The largest and best German HACK TOWEL to be found in the city for 20c each; only 100 left.

The Onyx and Smith & Angell's

Black Hosiery.

RICHARD HUDNUT'S

Toilet Requisites

Yankee Notions

of every description.

Cluze Patent Thumb KID GLOVE,

Foster's New Street KID GLOVE.

A. D. BROWN,

Successor to BROWN & RODDICK.

No. 29 North Front St.

oct 20 tf

Well Pleased!

Every one of our customers are well pleased with our special prices.

Bargains in Ladies', Misses' and Children's

Cloaks and Capes.

Try us and see if we cannot save you money.

'Phone 118.

J. H. REHDER & CO.,

Next Fourth Street Bridge.

Car fare paid on all purchases over $2.

oct 20 tf

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper n North Carolina, is published daily excep Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 5 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail sub scribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate ol 12 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 60 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line for first insertion, and 15 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcements and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 25, 1895

PITTSBURG IN DANGER.

The city of Pittsburg, which is the great steel manufacturing city of this country, is in danger of seeing herself eclipsed in this industry by cities on the lakes. To make steel Pittsburg manufacturers must pay railroad freight on two tons of iron whereas the manufacturers in the lake cities have to pay freight on only one ton of coke, which gives them an advantage of $1.40 a ton over the Pittsburg manufacturers.

Apprehensive of the serious results to Pittsburg from this growing competition from an unlooked for quarter, the project was started a few years ago of a ship canal connecting Lake Erie with the Ohio river at Pittsburg, the main purpose of which was to ensure the manufacturers of that city with sure and constant supplies of iron at cheap rates from the mines in the Lake regions. As one of the inducements for Government aid in its construction, the idea was held out that it would be a great highway of commerce, and a short route for the products of a large portion of the West to the Gulf of Mexico. But the possible construction of such a canal is one of the contingencies so remote that there is nothing in it on which to base any sanguine hopes, for there would be many interests to antagonize it when it came to run the gauntlet of Congress, and Congresses are very uncertain these days when it comes to appropriating large sums of money to promote schemes for the benefit of any particular locality.

Mr. Carnegie is one of the gentlemen who realizes that something must be done, and done without waiting for a ship canal which may never come. He is the largest steel manufacturer in Pittsburg, and to have cheap iron is a matter of vital interest, as it also is to other steel makers and iron manufacturers. He has started a project for a canal not to float ships but capable of transporting 1,000-ton barges which would reduce the freight from 90 cents a ton, charged by the railroads, to 20 cents, giving the manufacturer the benefit of the $1.40 saved on the two tons of iron used in making a ton of steel, which now goes to the railroads. But Mr. Carnegie doesn't propose to build this canal, which he says will cost $15,000,000, but proposes to have the county of Alleghany issue bonds to build it and then operate it at cost for the benefit of the Pittsburg manufacturers. He was smart enough to get the other steel and iron men to back him in the movement.

It is a big scheme, and shows that Mr. Carnegie takes a very business like view of business matters and is not overburdened with modesty when it comes to asking for anything he wants. There is selfishness in this, but it is business, and there is always more or less selfishness in business. In this case the selfishness has the excuse of self-preservation behind it.

But this admission and movement by Mr. Carnegie and those who are co-operating with him are suggestive of a fact that is now beginning to be pretty generally recognized, which is that to succeed in manufacturing in these days of keen and close competition, especially in lines where the crude materials used are weighty or bulky, it is necessary for the plant to be geographically near the base of supplies or to be practically near it by cheap and reliable transportation.

At one time the center of the iron manufacturing industry was in Massachusetts, but passed from there to Pennsylvania, where the method was discovered of utilizing anthracite coal in the manufacture of steel and iron, and now Pennsylvania's supremacy is threatened by points on the Lakes which happen to be nearer to the bases of supplies.

For many years Massachusetts had almost a monopoly of the cotton and woollen manufacturing, and of the shoe manufacturing business, also. But the South is now threatening her supremacy as a cotton manufacturer, and shoe and woollen manufacturing are beginning to move Westward. The cotton mills are moving towards the cotton fields, and the woollen mills closer to the pastures, and the shoe factories nearer to the slaughter pens. To compete with these the Eastern mills and factories will be dependent upon imported hides and wool, which they have duty free.

As the cotton mill seeks the South so will the iron mill and the steel plant, for the same reason that Mr. Carnegie is now moving for a canal to the Lakes to get nearer to the base of supplies and cheaper raw material. This is in obedience to the law of self-preservation which asserts itself when competition becomes keen.

MINOR MENTION.

The Augusta *Chronicle* wasn't after anybody in particular, but it made a ten-strike when it published the following:

"When the leading business men of this community have a case to be tried in court they want the best intelligence they can get to sit in the jury box in order that they may have men pass upon their rights who are competent to do so. And yet when these same men are summoned to do jury duty they all make excuses and shirk the duty if possible. Men criticise the make up of our juries, and yet by their own course they necessitate securing men of less ability and make possible the existence of professional jurors."

There isn't a city in the United States, and probably not a county, where this extract would not fit as well as it does in the city of Augusta. Shirking jury service is an American weakness when men have anything else to do, and the result is that as a rule the juries do not fully represent the best or the most intelligent citizenship. It is regarded by many as a species of temporary penal servitude from which they are glad to escape. While the better class of citizens, by which we mean the more intelligent and those that have the most interest in the effective and honest administration of the law and dispensation of justice, shirk the duty and are therefore to some extent responsible for the miscarriages of justice of which they complain, there are extenuating reasons, and good ones, why the man who serves on a jury willingly is the exception and not the rule. When more regard is shown for the feelings, comfort, health and self-respect of jurymen, and the service is made less of a torture, the jurymen given more liberty and treated less like suspects or prospective criminals, the service will be rendered less intolerable to that class of citizens who now shirk it. It isn't a pleasant office under any circumstances, and the conditions and environments should not be such as to render the service odious.

* * *

The order of Secretary Carlisle suspending the coinage of silver dollars does not practically amount to much, as but few silver dollars have been coined for some time, only 90 in all since the 1st of July last, and only 4,382,324 altogether since Secretary Carlisle went into office two years and eight months ago. Doubtless the reason alleged for this small coinage of silver dollars and the stopping of the coinage is that these dollars could not be put into circulation, which is not strictly true, because silver certificates circulate freely and everywhere pass as current and readily as any other kind of money, except in the big banks of the East which have been doing their best ever since the passage of the Bland-Allison act to freeze silver out. They don't want it, and unfortunately the Treasury of the United States in its practice has been playing into their hands and has been discriminating against silver instead of standing by it. With such a combination against it even gold would have gone to the wall, and the fact that under the circumstances silver continues to circulate is one of the strongest proofs of its vitality. Under the provisions of the Sherman act every ounce of bullion purchased is not only coinable, but ought to be coined. It was the contemplation of the law that enough of the bullion should be coined to redeem the notes issued for its purchase, and the construction of the Treasury that these notes were redeemable in gold was a mere constructive evasion of the plain language of the law. They have been redeeming these notes in gold, and now if the coinage of the bullion is to be stopped that too must be paid for in gold. At this rate how long will it be before the only money recognized by this Government will be gold?

* * *

It is to be regretted that President Cleveland and his Cabinet could not have spent several days instead of one at the Atlanta Exposition for, of course, with the parade, receptions, speech-making and hand-shaking, they had but little opportunity to see the Exposition in the brief time at their disposal. As all the Secretaries who accompanied him, except Secretary Lamont, were Southern men, the presumption is that they were pretty well posted as to the resources, &c., of this section, but we venture to say that even they learned something from this hasty glance at the exhibits presented, and could have learned much more with more time for inspection and for inquiry. If they could have given a couple of weeks to their trip, mingled with the people on the way, and talked with them, they might have acquired some solid, practical information that might prove valuable sometime.

There is trouble in the Colt family in Rhode Island. Mrs. Colt charged Col. Colt with being too frisky and sued for a divorce. Mr. Colt responded in kind and also sued for a divorce and in addition to that demands from the "society" man J. J. Van Alen, $200,000 for alienating his (Colt's) wife's affections. Whatever Mrs. Colt may think of Mr. Colt she cannot accuse him of putting a low valuation on her affections.

CURRENT COMMENT

— Senator John Sherman, in an Ohio speech on Saturday, makes a curious charge against Secretary Carlisle for advising the retiring of greenbacks, and adds: "The mass of silver certificates and Treasury notes can be redeemed only in silver dollars, and this means the silver standard alone." Fancy the look of the Secretary when thus charged with aiding and abetting the monometallists.—*N. Y. Mercury, Dem.*

— Senator Sherman wanted to be President of the United States. He feels that he has been shoved aside for lesser men, and he has not been able to forgive either his country or his neglectful Republican backers and contemporaries. His book throws new light upon the inside manœuvring in the camp of the Grand Old Party. It is not calculated to enhance the public respect for some of the celebrities of the past and present, but it is none the less a valuable contribution to the history of our politics.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Chatham *Record*: Mrs. Ann Alston died at her residence in this county on last Wednesday night, aged 81 years. — On Wednesday of last week Miss Mary Howard, of Williams township, died, aged 78 years, and next day her sister Edie died, aged 76 years, both of them dying with congestive chills.

— *Concord Standard*: Bob Allison, a 12 year old colored boy, accompanied some Montgomery county farmers to Wadesboro. One of the farmers bought a jug of whiskey to take home with him. Allison, who was driving the farmer's wagon, got hold of the jug, drank about three pints of the whiskey and died.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: About the largest drove of cattle we have ever seen passed through town last Thursday, on their way from Ashe and Alleghany to Charlotte. There was 300 in all, and not a single second-class head in the lot. They were purchased by a firm in Charlotte, in the counties mentioned, to be shipped to Atlanta. Last year this company bought all their cattle in Texas, but were not pleased with the results, and concluded to try our mountain cattle.

— Goldsboro *Headlight*: The total enrollment in the Goldsboro public schools is 1,010—white, 630; colored, 380. The per cent. of attendance at the white school is 91.66; at the colored school, 91.78. — Our country friends just now are having trouble with their porkers. Quite a number have had their hogs stolen, and cholera is affecting a large number in several parts of the county, so that between these two evils the supply of pork is being somewhat reduced. — In an altercation between Isham Whitley and A. M. Smith, the colored undertaker in "Little Washington," Tuesday, the former was badly carved up by Smith, and at this writing the wounds are likely to prove fatal.

— Clinton *Democrat*: Ned Owens, colored, was convicted of larceny in the Inferior Court of 1882 and sentenced to three years in county jail with power to the Commissioners to hire out. He was hired out and after seven months was given up and placed back in jail from which he soon escaped. For ten years he has been at large, but is now back in jail serving out his twenty-eight months. —Sheriff Marshburn received a telegram Friday stating that Milton Holmes, who escaped from the court room here during the first week of court, had been arrested at Rowland, in Robeson county. Deputy Sheriff A. W. Aman went after Milton and returned with him Saturday, placing him in jail to serve out a sentence of six months for resisting Officer Killett. — Mr. J. H. Hill, of Newton Grove, was here Monday. He tells the *Democrat* of a war that has recently broken out on his premises. He has a number of hives of bees, and recently he observed an unusual commotion among them. Examination revealed the fact that an army of yellow jackets had attacked the bees and driven them out of some of the hives. The jackets would then remain in the possession and enjoyment of the honey they had captured. The dead bodies of myriad bees that were in battle slain lie about the hives. Mr. Hill has already last three hives and the war is still going on.

TWINKLINGS

— Cave Gnome—"What's driving you ashore, anyway?"

Sea Serpent (shudderingly)—"The mermaids are trying to wear bloomers." —*Chicago Tribune*

— Employer—You say you would like to go to your grandmother's funeral this afternoon, James?

James—Yes, sir; if it doesn't rain."

— Guest (pushing them away from him)—I don't like the way you cook eggs at this restaurant.

Waiter—What's the trouble, sir?

Guest—You don't cook them soon enough.—*Lewiston Journal.*

— "What was the verdict the boys gave on that feller that committed suicide?"

"Plain case of insanity. He still had three beer checks in his pockets when he done it."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— "The late editor's wife is something of a humorist." "Indeed?" "Yes; took a line from his original salutatory and placed it on his tombstone." "What was it?" "We are here to stay."—Atlanta *Constitution.*

APPOINTMENTS.

Wilmington District, W. S. Rone, P. E.

Elizabeth circuit, Elizabethtown, Oct 26th and 27th.

Columbus circuit, Cerro Gordo, Nov 2.

Whiteville and Fair Bluff, Fair Bluff, Nov 2d and 3d.

Kenansville circuit, Charity, Nov 9th and 10th.

Magnolia circuit, Providence, Nov 10th and 11th.

Canon Creek circuit, Shiloh, Nov 16th and 17th.

Waccamaw circuit, Old Dock, Nov 19th.

Brunswick circuit, Macedonia, Nov 23rd and 24th.

Southport Station, night, Nov 24th.

Clinton circuit, Clinton, Nov 30th and Dec 1st.

Bladen circuit, Windsor, Dec 7th and 8th.

Wilmington, Bladen Street, night, Dec 8th.

One Thing is Certain

There is no better cure in existence for Cramps, Cholera Morbus and all Summer Complaints, than Pain-Killer. Good for all pains, aches and soreness, internal or external. One good trial will convince you that

PAIN-KILLER Kills Pain

You can get it anywhere at 25c a bottle (double the former quantity). See that the bottle bears the name Perry Davis & Son. No other is genuine.

June 8 sa fr we

GRIEVANCE OF A SUBURBANITE.

He Quickly Resented the Imputation That He Was Lazy.

"I'm a pretty easy going kind of a fellow," he said as he poked his head into an Illinois Central suburban ticket office window, "but it seems to me you're sort of rubbing it in."

"What's the matter?" asked the ticket seller.

"Oh, I suppose I ought not to complain, but I always get the worst of it everywhere, and I thought maybe I could get this one matter fixed just for a change."

"I think the company is anxious to do anything it can to please its patrons," said the agent. "What is your trouble?"

"Well, you see, I am an inveterate smoker."

"Yes."

"And out where I live the entrance to the station is at the south end of the platform."

"Yes."

"It's the same way at Randolph street."

"Yes."

"And you put the smoking car at the north end of each train, no matter which way it is running."

"Well, what of it?"

"What of it! Can't you see that I have to walk the whole length of the train to reach the smoker and the whole length back again when I get down town. It isn't fair. I ought to get the best of it at least at one end of the line. You can't change it? Well, then, would you advise me to move or give up smoking?"

"Smoking."

"Well, I don't know. If it wasn't for the work, I'd move. By the way, you don't think I'm lazy, do you? Of course not. I'm only justifiably indignant over an adverse fate."—Chicago Times Herald.

ASKING THE CAPTAIN.

Just What Happened When Information Was Sought From the Commander.

"Once on an ocean steamer," said a traveler, "we had a heated shaft bearing, or something of that sort, so that the engines stopped for five or six hours. I had often read and heard about how the captain was the great mogul aboard ship, how about all things pertaining to the affairs of the ship he held aloof and must not be approached by the passengers, and that it was a sort of violation of the unwritten rules of the sea for a passenger to ask the captain anything. And there may be some reason in all this; if one passenger might ask him, 40 might, and surely the commander of the ship ought not to be unnecessarily disturbed by useless questions. We had been lying there three or four hours waiting. There was no danger whatever, but it was a delay and an incident of interest, and of course all the passengers talked about nothing else—the common information was that the delay was due to a heated bearing.

"I was standing on the upper deck by the door to the main companionway leading to the deck below. The captain came along the upper deck from the after part of the ship and went below by that companionway. He must pass within a foot of me, and under the circumstances it did not seem like a violently unreasonable breach of salt water etiquette to ask him what was the matter, which I did. A passenger who stood on the other side of the doorway looked at me with the amused smile of an older traveler. The captain said nothing. He simply passed on, to all outward appearances quite unconscious of my question or even my presence."—New York Sun.

The Tree Killer.

One of the curious forest growths of the isthmus of Panama and lower Central America in general is the vine which the Spaniards call matapalo, or "tree killer." This vine first starts in life as a climber upon the trunks of the large trees, and, owing to its marvelously rapid growth, soon reaches the lower branches. At this point it first begins to put out its "feelers"—tender, harmless looking root shoots, which soon reach the ground and become as firmly fixed as the parent stem. These hundreds of additional sap tubes give the whole vine a renewed lease of life, and it begins to send out its aerial tendrils in all directions. These intwine themselves tightly around every limb of the tree, even creeping to the very farthermost tips and squeezing the life out of both bark and leaf. Things go on at this rate but a short while before the forest giant is compelled to succumb to the gigantic parasite which is sapping its life's blood. Within a very few years the tree rots and falls away, leaving the matapalo standing erect and hollow, like a monster vegetable devilfish lying upon its back with its horrid tentacles clasped together high in the air. Morgan, "Central America Afoot," says, "Corelike arbors of matapalo are to be seen in all directions, each testifying to the lingering death of some sylvan giant that formerly supported it."—St. Louis Republic.

How Massachusetts Treats Debtors.

Some recent letter writers in various newspapers have been complaining that Boston is provincial in several respects. So it is. But the charge may be extended to the state just as well. It is said to be possible to imprison a man for debt in Massachusetts, barbarous as it is looked upon in other regions, and it is said to be possible, too, for a creditor to intercept the salary of a man with a family, except $10 a week, and this, too, even if there are a dozen in the family, and the judgment debt is really another person's. When one learns of such things as these, one ceases to wonder at the extent of the emigration from regions where such things are possible. —Boston Traveller.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

IS POPCORN DYING OUT?

It Used to Be Everywhere, Now Only at Circuses and Seaside Resorts.

"The popcorn business is not what it was 25 years ago," said a dealer to me not long since. "In the country towns more of it is sold than in the large cities; also circuses and seashore resorts are pretty good pay. But you may make a tour of the city confectionery shops, and you will not find any.

"Some of the smaller grocery stores handle it, and those stores which sell penny goods keep it. Then about the holidays you will find it in the hands of the sidewalk men—there is not enough in it for them at any other time. When I was a boy, it was everywhere, and there were several factories.

"What has caused the change? I suppose it has gone out of fashion. Maybe the cheapness of candy has affected it, and then people anyway eat a great deal more starchy food now than they used to, and they do not crave it."

"Where does the supply come from?" I asked.

"A great many of the smaller people who sell in bulk pop for themselves, but there are a few wholesalers in every large town. Most of the manufacturing is done by one large house—down near Canal street—and many of the goods labeled from other factories come from there."

I hunted up the factory and had a long talk with the proprietor. "We send popcorn all over the country," said he. "That box goes to Georgia and this to New Orleans, that to Indiana, and this packer is filling an order from Utah. We get orders for a carload at a time. It does look a little strange that people send so far for it, and the only explanation I know of is the one the customers give—that they send to us because we have such a large stock. We can fill an order immediately, and we put it up in so many different ways.

"This is one of the troubles of the trade, to devise new ways of putting it up, and whoever can invent anything new in that line can be assured a small fortune. People seem to get tired of one way and stop buying. When you and I were boys, the rage was for honey balls. Now they are out of date, though we still keep them in stock, for there is still some call for them.

"I don't know how many different forms we put it up in, from the flour paste, when we grind it and mix it with honey or molasses and afterward dry it, to the loose bag, and the multifarious shapes of men, beasts and birds—why, they will run up into hundreds, I suppose."

"How about the season and the place for selling it?" I asked.

"It is a steady trade," he answered. "July is the only dull month and December is very busy. Seaside resorts are probably best, but circuses are good. We do a good deal of business in summer.

"What machinery do we use? Very simple contrivances and a good, clear fire. We can fill an order in an hour if necessary.

"Our supplies? They come very largely from up the state, though occasionally from Illinois and Michigan. Some farmers make a business of raising popcorn and find it fairly profitable. There are several varieties, but the white sells best."—New York Press.

Magnifying Glasses.

A glass has been discovered at Pompeii about the size of a half dollar with a convexity, which leads one to suppose it to be a magnifying lens. It has been said the ancients were not aware of this power, and the invention has been credited to several persons of the seventeenth century, but without such a glass how did the Greeks and Romans work those fine gems which the human eye is unable to read without the assistance of a glass? There is one in the Naples royal collection, for example, the legend of which it is impossible to make out unless by applying magnifying power. Among the relics taken from tombs at Thebes are specimens of glass coins with hieroglyphic characters, proving that the Egyptians must have been acquainted with the art of pressing hot glass into metallic molds, an art which has been considered of modern invention.—Boston Herald.

Painfully Introduced.

The happy faculty of smooth, impromptu speaking is not possessed by many. The lack of it often places speaker and subject at a disadvantage.

A well known lecturer who had been invited to serve as a substitute felt some nervousness, knowing he was to fill the place of a more noted man. This feeling was not diminished when he heard himself thus announced by the long limbed, keen eyed farmer:

"This 'ere is our substitute. I don't know what he can do. Time was short, and we hed to take what we could git."—Youth's Companion.

Nova Scotia, or New Scotland, was named by Sir William Alexander, who received the grant in 1621.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by R R BELLAMY †

For Over Fifty Years

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kind.

Cure for Headache.

As a remedy for all forms of Headache Electric Bitters has proved to be the very best. It effects a permanent cure and the most dreaded habitual sick headaches yield to its influence. We urge all who are afflicted to procure a bottle and give this remedy a fair trial. In cases of habitual constipation Electric Bitters cures by giving the needed tone to the bowels, and few cases long resist the use of this medicine. Try it once. Large bottles only Fifty cents at R. R. BELLAMY's Drug Store. †

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM

High Grade Tobacco

AND

ABSOLUTELY PURE

ec 14 tf fr su we W 2p

THE BULL MOOSE.

An Adventure With One of These Animals When It Hunted the Hunter.

A correspondent writing from Mecunoma, Muskoka, gives an interesting account of an adventure which he had with a moose while employed in making a toboggan trail through one of the pine forests in that section of the country. While engaged at work he came across a moose yard and on looking around saw one of the "giants of the forest" about 50 yards distant. The story of his encounter is perhaps best told in the correspondent's own words:

"After a moment," he writes, "the moose turned and walked behind a hill, which, though not high, was steep. I ran to the top with all speed, hoping to get a view of the lordly creature as he made his way through the bush. I could not see him at first, but on looking down the steep incline there he was, not ten yards away. He turned to make off, but striking his ribs against the projecting limb of a small hemlock he was thrown down and around the tree, and as he rose he faced me. It was now my turn to run, for the moose charged at me with erected mane, expressing his rage by a fierce bellow. In turning I stumbled, the ground being very uneven, and his feet nearly came down on me as I dodged among some trees. I tried to strike with my hatchet, the only weapon I had, but did not succeed in injuring my pursuer. With some difficulty I at last got out into the deep snow where my snowshoes were of more use to me. The moose still pursued me, roaring at intervals, and one who has not heard a moose roar can form but little idea of the terrible bellowing noise. After several attempts to strike me with his front feet he balked and stood about 20 yards away pawing and roaring. I eagerly seized this opportunity to climb a tree, and soon after the animal turned and made off. Of all my adventures in the bush, and they number a few, the one I have just related came the nearest to being my death."—Montreal Witness.

The Discovery Saved His Life.

Mr. G. Caillouette, Druggist, Beaversville, Ill., says: "To Dr. King's New Discovery I owe my life. Was taken with La Grippe and tried all the physicians for miles about, but of no avail and was given up and told I could not live. Having Dr. King's New Discovery in my store I sent for a bottle and began its use and from the first dose began to get better, and after using three bottles was up and about again. It is worth its weight in gold. We won't keep store or house without it." Get a free trial at R. R. Bellamy's Drug Store. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders higher prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—		
2-℔ Jute	@	5¼
Standard	7¼ @	6¼
WESTERN SMOKED—		
Hams ℔ ℔	13½ @	14
Sides ℔ ℔	7½ @	7½
Shoulders ℔ ℔	6 @	6½
DRY SALTED—		
Sides ℔ ℔	6½ @	6
Shoulders ℔ ℔	5½ @	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—		
Second-hand, each	@	1 10
New New York, each	1 35 @	1 40
New City, each	@	1 40
BEESWAX ℔ ℔	26 @	27
BRICKS—		
Wilmington, ℔ M	6 50 @	7 00
Northern	9 00 @	14 00
BUTTER—		
North Carolina, ℔ ℔	15	
Northern	23 @	
CORN MEAL—		
Per bushel, in sacks	@	47½
Virginia Meal	50 @	50
COTTON TIES— ℔ bundle	@	85
CANDLES—℔ ℔—		
Sperm	18 @	25
Adamantine	9 @	10
CHEESE—℔ ℔—		
Northern Factory	10 @	11
Dairy, Cream	11 @	12
State	.... @	10
COFFEE—℔ ℔—	27 @	28
Laguyra	20 @	23
Rio	15 @	20
DOMESTICS—		
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard	6	6¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch	18 @	20
EGGS—℔ dozen	10 @	12
FISH		
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	22 00 @	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-barrel	11 00 @	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ barrel	16 00 @	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-barrel	8 00 @	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00 @	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 25 @	3 50
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	6 00 @	6 50
N. C. Roe Herring ℔ keg	3 50 @	3 75
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5 @	10
" Extra	3 25 @	3 50
FLOUR—℔ barrel—		
Low grade	@	3 00
Choice,	2 75 @	3 00
Straight	3 65 @	3 75
First Patent	@	4 25
GLUE—℔ ℔—	7½ @	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel—		
Corn, from store, bags—White	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	@	50
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	@	50
Oats, from store	@	35
Oats, Rust Proof	@	45
Cow Peas	70 @	75
HIDES, ℔ ℔—		
Green	.... @	6
Dry	.. @	8
HAY, ℔ 100 ℔s—		
Eastern	.... @	1 00
Western	@	90
North River	@	85
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2 @	2¼
LARD, ℔ ℔—		
Northern	8½ @	9
North Carolina	6 @	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	....	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M feet—		
Ship-Stuff, resawed	18 00 @	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00 @	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00 @	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00 @	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00 @	15 00
MOLASSES, ℔ gallon—		
New Crop Cuba, in hhds	.. @	22
" " " in bbls	.... @	23
Porto Rico, in hhds	25 @	27½
" " in bbls	25 @	30
Sugar-House, in hhds	12 @	14
" " in bbls	.... @	15
Syrup, in bbls	13 @	25
NAILS, ℔ keg. Cut. 60d basis	@	2 30
PORK, ℔ barrel—		
City Mess	14 00 @	14 50
Rump	@	13 50
Prime	@	14 00
ROPE, ℔ ℔	10 @	22
SALT ℔ sack Alum	.... @	75
Liverpool	.... @	65
Lisbon	.... @	....
American	@	65
on 125 ℔ Sacks	40 @	45
SHINGLES 7-inch, ℔ M	5 00 @	7 00
Common	2 00 @	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50 @	5 00
Cypress Hearts	... @	7 50
SUGAR, ℔ ℔—Standard Granu'd	4⅞ @	5
Standard A	@	4¾
White Ex. C	@	4¾
Extra C, Golden	4 @	4¼
C. Yellow	@	3¾
SOAP, ℔ ℔—Northern	3¼ @	[illegible]
STAVES, ℔ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00 @	14
R. O Hogshead	.... @	10 00
TIMBER, ℔ M feet—Shipping	[illegible]0 @	9 00
Mill, Prime	[illegible]00 @	7 00
Mill, Fair	6 50 @	4 50
Common Mill	4 00 @	3 50
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00 @	3 00
TALLOW, ℔ ℔	5 @	
WHISKEY, ℔ gallon— Northern	1 00 @	2
North Carolina	1 00 @	2
WOOL, ℔ ℔—Washed	14 @	
Clear of burs	12½ @	
Burry	@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Oct. 24.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.—Sales at 24½ cents per gallon for country and 25½ cents for machine-made casks.

ROSIN.—Market firm at $1 20 per bbl for Strained and $1 25 for Good Strained.

TAR.—Market firm at $1 40 per bbl of 280 ℔s.

CRUDE TURPENTINE.—Market quoted on 'Change steady at $1 10 for Hard, $1 50 for Yellow Dip, and $1 60 for Virgin. Inspectors quote Hard, $1 20; Virgin and Yellow dip, $1 60.

COTTON—Market firm on a basis of 8¼c for Middling. Quotations:

Ordinary	5⅝	cts ℔ ℔
Good Ordinary	7⅛	" "
Low Middling	7 13-16	" "
Middling	8¼	" "
Good Middling	8 9-16	" "

RECEIPTS.

Cotton	362	bales
Spirits Turpentine	177	casks
Rosin	713	bbls
Tar	472	bbls
Crude Turpentine	11	bbls

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 24—Evening—Money on call was firm at 2@2½ last loan at 2 and closing offered at 2 per cent. Prime mercantile paper was 5½@6 per cent. Sterling exchange was easer; actual business in bankers' bills at 487½@487¾ for sixty days and 488¼@488¾ for demand. Commercial bills 486½@487, Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 111¾; United States twos 97½. State bonds dull; North Carolina fours 104½; North Carolina sixes 122. Railroad bonds lower.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was quiet.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK, October 24—Evening—Cotton easy; middling gulf 8⅝c; middling 8⅜c.

Cotton futures—market closed steady; October 8 18, November 8 18, December 8 26, January 8 32, February 8 37, March 8 42; April 8 47, May 8 53, June 8 58; July 8 63. Sales 436,500 bales.

Cotton—net receipts 536 bales; gross 5,825 bales; exports to Great Britain — bales; to France — bales; to Continent — bales; forwarded 741 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners 860 bales; stock (actual) 163,174 bales.

Total to-day—Net receipts 38,650 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,728 bales; to France — bales; to the Continent 10,857 bales; stock 889,089.

Total so far this week—Net receipts 254,222 bales; exports to Great Britain 42,195 bales; to France 8,056 bales; to the Continent 55,578 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 1,310,603 bales; exports to Great Britain 273,771 bales; exports to France 86,253 bales; exports to the Continent 208,708 bales.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Evening.—Flour was firm, with moderate demand; winter wheat, low grades $2 25@2 60; fair to fancy $2 80@3 45; patents $3 50@3 75; Minnesota clear $2 75@3 25; patents $3 35@4 20; low extra $2 25@2 60; city mills $3 85@4 00; do patents $4 20@4 45; Southern quiet, firm; common to fair extra $2 10@2 80; good to choice $3 90@3 30. Wheat—spot was firm and active; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 70⅝c; afloat 72¼c; free on board 70⅝c; No 1 Northern 67⅞c; options opened quiet and advanced ⅝@¾c closing steady at ⅝@¾c over yesterday; No. 2 red October 66⅞c; December 66⅞c; February 70c; May 70⅞c. Corn—spot quiet; No. 2 at elevator 39c; afloat 40c; options advanced ¼@⅜c, closing quiet; October 38¾c; November 38½c; December 36c; May 35⅞c. Oats—spot firm and less active; options quiet and firmer; October 24c; November 23⅝c; December 24c; May 25⅜@25⅞c; No 2 white October 25c; spot—No. 2, 24c; No. 2 white 25¼c; mixed Western 24@25½. Wool quiet and firm; domestic fleece 16@22; pulled 15@34c. Beef firm and quiet family $9 00@12 00; extra mess $7 50@8 00; beef hams slow at $15 00; tierced beef quiet and firm; city extra India mess $16 00@17 00; cut meats dull but steady; pickled bellies 6½c; shoulders 6@6½c; hams 8⅝@9c; middles were nominal. Lard quiet and higher; Western steam closed at $5 95; city $5 60@5 65; October $5 95, nominal; refined quiet; Continent $6 35; South America $6 70; compound $4 50@4 87½. Pork steady; demand moderate; mess $9 75@10 25. Butter—fancy quiet and steady; State dairy 12@21c; do creamery 22½@23c; Western dairy 10@15c; Elgins 23c. Eggs quiet; fancy about steady; State and Pennsylvania 20@21c; do per case ——; Western fresh 18@20c; do per case——. Tallow dull and easy; city 4½c; country 4¼@4½. Cotton seed oil was quiet and easy; crude 24½c; yellow prime old and new 28c, do off grade 26½@27½c. Rice steady; domestic, fair to extra 3⅝@6c; Japan 3⅝@3⅞c. Molasses—foreign nominal; New Orleans, open kettle good to choice 26@32c; choice firm. Peanuts quiet. Coffee quiet; October 25@35 points down; others unchanged to 10 down; October $15 05; November $14 90@14 95; December $14 70@14 80; January $14 55; March $14 30@14 40; May $13 85@13 95; spot Rio dull and easy; No. 7 $15 75. Sugar—raw dull but steady; fair refining 3½c; refined dull but steady; off A 4 5-16@4½c; standard A 4¾c; granulated 4¾@5c; cut-loaf 5⅜c; crushed 5⅜c. Freights to Liverpool—grain firmer with a good demand; cotton quiet; cotton per steamer 7-64d; grain per steamer 3½d.

CHICAGO, October 24—Cash quotations: Flour quiet, firm. Wheat—No. 2 spring 59⅝@61½; No. 2 red 61@61¾. Corn—No. 2 31¼@31⅜c. Oats—No. 2 18½c. Mess pork, per 100 bbls, $8 20@8 30. Lard, per 100 lbs, $5 57½@5 60. Short rib sides, per 100 lbs $4 70@4 75. Dry salted shoulders boxes per 100 lbs $5 87½@5 50. Short clear sides, boxed, per 100 lbs, $5 12½@5 25. Whiskey per gallon $1 22.

The leading futures ranged as follows—opening, highest, lowest and closing: Wheat—No. 2 October 59⅝@5⅞, 60¼, 59⅝, 60½c; December 60⅜@60⅞, 61⅛@61¼, 60¼@60⅝, 61@61⅛; May 64⅜@64⅝, 65¼, 64⅜, 65⅛c. Corn—October 31¼, 31⅛, 31⅛, 31⅛c; November 30⅝, 31, 30½, 30⅝@30⅞c; December 28¼, 28½, 28¼, 28⅜@28⅛c; May 29⅛, 29⅝, 29½, 29⅝@29⅝c. Oats—No. 2 October 18¼, 18¼, 18¼, 18¼c; December 18⅜, 18⅝, 18⅜, 18⅝c; May 20⅝, 20⅞, 20⅝, 20⅞c. Mess pork —per bbl, October $8 15, 8 15, 8 15, 8 15; January $9 25, 9 27½, 9 22½, 9 25; May $9 55, 9 55, 9 52½, 9 55. Lard, per 100 lbs, October $5 55, 5 57½, 5 55, 5 55. January $5 70, 5 72½, 5 70, 5 72½; May $5 87½, 5 90, 5 87½, 5 90. Short ribs, per 100 lbs, October $4 67½, 4 67½, 4 67½, 4 67½ January $4 67½, 4 70, 4 67½, 4 67½; May $4 87½, 4 87½, 4 87½, 4 87½.

BALTIMORE, Oct. 24.—Flour steady and unchanged. Wheat firmer; No. 2 red spot and month 66@66¼c; December 67⅞@68c; Steamer No. 2 red 63@63¼c. Southern by sample 66@67c; do on grade 63⅝@66⅝c. Corn strong; mixed spot 38@38¼c; month 38@38¼c; November (new and old) 35¼@35⅜c; year 34¼@34½c; January 34@34¼c; February 34c bid; Southern white 37c; do yellow 38c. Oats steady but firm; No. 2 white Western 26c asked; No 2 mixed do 23¾c bid.

COTTON MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

Oct. 24.—Galveston, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 7,684 bales; Norfolk, steady at 8¼c, net receipts 3,198 bales; Baltimore, quiet at 8⅝, net receipts — bales; Boston, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 1,927 bales; Wilmington, firm at 8¼c, net receipts 362 bales; Philadelphia, quiet at 8⅝c, net receipts 249 bales; Savannah, quit at 8¼c, net receipts 7,404 bales, New Orleans, easy at 8 5-16, net receipts 12,072 bales; Mobile, nominal at 8 5-16c, net receipts 1,484 bales; Memphis, dull at 8 5-16c, net receipts 2,817 bales; Augusta, quiet at 8¼c, net receipts 1,724 bales; Charleston, nominal, quotations not given, net receipts 1,525 bales.

FOREIGN MARKETS.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 24.—12.30 P. M.—Cotton, market quiet and prices easier. American middling 4⅝d. Sales 10,000 bales, of which 9,600 were American; speculation and export 500. Receipts 17,400 bales, all of which were American. Futures opened weak and demand fair. American middling (l m c) November and December 4 29 64@ 4 28 64d; January and February 4 28 64, 4 29-64, 4 30 64, 4 31-64, 4 30 64, 4 29-64@4 30-64d; February and March 4 30 64, 4 32-64@4 31-64d; March and April 4 31-64, 4 33-64, 4 32 64, 4 33 64, 4 34-64, 4 33-64@4 32 64d; April and May 4 34 64@4 35-64d; June and July 4 37-64d. Futures steady.

4 P M—Cotton—American middling fair 5 3-16d; good middling 4⅝d; low middling 4½d; good ordinary 4⅜d; ordinary 4 3-16d; October 4 30-64d value; October and November 4 30 64d value; November and December 4 30-63d seller; December and January 4 30-64@4 31-64d; January and February 4 31-64@4 32 64d seller; February and March 4 32-64@4 33 64d buyer; March and April 4 34 64d seller; April and May 4 35-64d buyer; May and June 4 36 64@4 37-64d seller; June and July 4 37-64@4 38-64d value; July and August 4 39 64d seller. Futures closed steady.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Br steamship Eastry, 1,924 tons Wattley, Philadelphia, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Steamer Lisbon, Black, Clear Run, master.

Stmr Frank Sessoms, Robinson, Fayetteville, R R Love.

Schr Thos Clyde, 304 tons, Calhoun, New York, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

CLEARED.

Schr Georgetta Lawrence, Rawlings, Charleston, S C, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Br steamship Dorset, Fettes, Bremen, Geo H McFadden & Bro.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

BREMEN—Br steamship Dorset—7,225 bales cotton.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in the Port of Wilmington, N. C., Oct. 25, 1895.

STEAMSHIPS.

Gloucester City, 1409 tons, Dwyer, Alex Sprunt & Son.

Arion (Br), 1,823 tons, Sargent, Alex Sprunt & Son.

SCHOONERS.

Jas E Bayles, 393 tons, Darling, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

Thos W Stone, 375 tons, Newcomb, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BRIGS.

M C Haskell, 334 tons, Winfield, Geo Harriss, Son & Co.

BARQUES.

Argo (Nor), 600 tons, Arentsen, Heide & Co.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,

Purcell Building,

Wilmington, N. C., are now showing a very desirable line of

COOKING STOVES,

Oil Heaters

of several kinds, styles and sizes.

They will certainly give you as low prices for first quality goods as any house can possibly do and be successful. They realize the competition that confronts them, but the heavier the load the harder they must pull. oct 13 tf

Waverley BICYCLES.

Are the Highest of All High Grades.

Warranted superior to any Machine built in the world, regardless of price.

Guaranty Backed by a Million Dollar Company

Whose bond is as good as gold. Do not be induced to pay more money, as the Waverley has no superior. Catalogue free.

INDIANA BICYCLE CO, Indianapolis, Ind.

Thos. H. Wright, Exclusive Agent

ap 27 tf

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,

COUNTY OF NEW HANOVER,

Jno. D. Bellamy, Jr.,

vs.

Emanuel Haggett et al.

BY VIRTUE OF A DECREE OF THE Superior Court obtained in the above cause, the undersigned commissioner will expose for sale at the Court House door of New Hanover County, to the highest bidder, for cash, at public auction, at 12 o'clock m., on 9th day of November, 1895, the following described real estate situate in the city of Wilmington, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point in the northern line of Campbell street 66 feet west of the western line of Sixth street, runs thence northwardly parallel with Sixth street 330 feet, thence westwardly parallel with Campbell street 66 feet, thence south parallel with Sixth street 330 feet to Campbell street, thence east 66 feet to the beginning, the same being parts of lots 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5 of Block No. 250, according to the official plan of the city of Wilmington, N. C.

GEO. H HOWELL,
Commissioner.

oct 10 t s

Crackers and Cheese.

200 boxes CRACKERS.
113 boxes CHEESE.
225 barrels MULLETS,
99 bags COFFEE.
189 barrels SUGAR.
Also Salt, Meat and other goods,

D. L. GORE,
120, 122, 124 North Water St.,
oct 16 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Frank H Stedman, Jas. S. Worth,

Stedman & Worth.

INSURANCE.

Fire and Life.

Office at Banking House of the Wilmington Savings and Trust Company jan 25 tf

Castoria

for

Infants and Children.

MOTHERS

Do You Know that Paregoric, Bateman's Drops, Godfrey's Cordial, many so-called Soothing Syrups and most remedies for children are composed of opium or morphine?

Do You Know that opium and morphine are stupefying narcotic poisons?

Do You Know that in most countries druggists are not permitted to sell narcotics without labeling them poison?

Do You Know that Castoria is a purely vegetable preparation, and that a list of its ingredients is published with every bottle?

Do You Know that Castoria is the prescription of the famous Dr. Samuel Pitcher? That it has been in use for nearly thirty years, and that more Castoria is now sold than of all other remedies for children combined?

Do You Know that you should not permit any medicine to be given your child unless you or your physician know of what it is composed?

Do You Know that when possessed of this perfect preparation, your children may be kept well, and that you may have unbroken rest?

Well These Things are worth knowing. They are facts.

Children Cry

FOR PITCHER'S

Castoria

CASTORIA DESTROYS WORMS, ALLAYS FEVERISHNESS, CURES DIARRHŒA AND WIND COLIC, RELIEVES TEETHING TROUBLES AND CURES CONSTIPATION AND FLATULENCY.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children

Do not be imposed upon, but insist upon having Castoria, and see that the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher is on the wrapper. We shall protect ourselves and the public at all hazards.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray St., N. Y.

A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

Wants.

One Cent a Word.

Advertisements under this heading —Help and Situations Wanted, For Rent, For Sale, Lost and Found, One Cent a word each insertion. But no advertisement taken for less than Twenty cents. my 26 tf

FOR

MAN AND BEAST!

Mexican Mustang Liniment

CURES

Sciatica,	Scratches,	Contracted Muscles,
Lumbago,	Sprains,	Eruptions,
Rheumatism,	Strains,	Hoof Ail,
Burns,	Stitches,	Screw Worms,
Scalds,	Stiff Joints,	Swinney,
Stings,	Backache,	Saddle Galls,
Bites,	Galls,	Piles.
Bruises,	Sores,	
Bunions,	Spavin Cracks.	
Corns,		

THIS GOOD OLD STAND-BY

accomplishes for everybody exactly what is claimed for it. One of the reasons for the great popularity of the Mustang Liniment is found in its **universal applicability.** Everybody needs such a medicine.

The Lumberman needs it in case of accident.

The Housewife needs it for general family use.

The Canaler needs it for his teams and his men.

The Mechanic needs it always on his work bench.

The Miner needs it in case of emergency.

The Pioneer needs it—can't get along without it.

The Farmer needs it in his house, his stable, and his stock yard.

The Steamboat man or the Boatman needs it in liberal supply afloat and ashore.

The Horse-fancier needs it—it is his best friend and safest reliance.

The Stock-grower needs it—it will save him thousands of dollars and a world of trouble.

The Railroad man needs it and will need it so long as his life is a round of accidents and dangers.

The Backwoodsman needs it. There is nothing like it as an antidote for the dangers to life, limb and comfort which surround the pioneer.

The Merchant needs it about his store among his employees. Accidents will happen, and when these come the Mustang Liniment is wanted at once.

Keep a Bottle in the House. 'Tis the best of economy.

Keep a Bottle in the Factory. Its immediate use in case of accident saves pain and loss of wages.

Keep a Bottle Always in the Stable for use when wanted.

The Morning Star.

MARK-WITH-THE-NET.

When the wheeling swallows at dusk fly low,
And the last red light on the vineyard row
Fades from the west where the sun is set,
Then, as the children in Sicily know,
'Tis the time of the coming of Mark with the net.*

For the black fringed eyelids begin to droop
And the drowsy heads are inclined to stoop
To grandmother's lap or papa's knee,
As the children are caught in a magic loop
Of the net of Mark, like the fish of the sea.

This net is of twine that is soft as wool,
A cradle delicious and wonderful;
Of all the children there's none who fears.
As soon as Mark has the net quite full
Away for the island of Sleep he steers.

Over dim waters dreaming they float,
The little ones lulled by the rocking boat,
Where the rim of the world and sky are met,
While the sea birds call, with a laughing note,
"There goes the fisherman, Mark, with the net!"

Then, by the mist begirt island shore,
The boat is anchored, until once more
The roses of morning begin to bloom
And the space of the sea is a golden floor—
Then Mark with the net brings the children home.

*Marcu, according to Sicilian popular legend, comes every evening (like the American sandman) to put the children to sleep.

—Portland Transcript.

MILD MR. ROCKEFELLER.

The Snub That He Took From a Clerk Without Getting Ruffled.

I never saw a man take life less seriously than John D. Rockefeller, says a correspondent of the New York Press. He has an easy way of saying and doing things that appeal to the æsthetic nature. Nothing worries him, not all his millions. At times I have known John to seem dull. I have known people to take him for a soft, slow, stupid fellow, instead of the hard, gliding, firm, rocky fellow that he is. He once had an employee, a nervous, irritable young man, full of his own importance, but withal a capable clerk. He occupied an office in which there was one of those pulling and lifting machines, and regularly every morning about 9, when he was immersed in figures of correspondence, a small, black mustached man, quiet and diffident in manner, entered, said "Good morning," walked on tiptoe to the corner and exercised for a quarter of an hour. It became a bore to the clerk, who at last, unable to stand it longer, remarked, with considerable heat and fireworks, to the inoffensive but annoying stranger:

"How do you expect me to do my work properly while you are fooling with that —— machine? I'm getting tired of it. Why don't you put it where it won't worry a person to death?"

The stranger replied, with a blush: "I am very sorry if it annoys you. I will have it removed at once."

A porter took it away within an hour. A few days later the clerk was sent for by Mr. Flagler, whom he found in earnest conversation with the small, black mustached man. The latter smiled at seeing him, gave Flagler some instructions and left the room.

"Will you tell me who that gentleman is?" the young man asked, a light beginning to break upon him. "That is Mr. Rockefeller," was the reply. With a gasp for breath, the clerk staggered back to his office to think. It was his first acquaintance with the Standard Oil magnate.

Gravitation and the Blood.

We ordinarily think of the attraction of gravitation only as producing what we call weight, and as governing the motion of the earth and other planets in their orbits. But gravitation acts in a very important manner upon the circulation of the blood in our veins and arteries. An elaborate series of experiments has recently been carried out in England to determine just what effect gravitation exercises in this respect, and how its disturbing influence is compensated in the bodily mechanism.

It has been found that man probably possesses a more complete compensation of this kind than any other animal, and that the monkey stands in this respect next to man.

Injuries to the spinal cord, asphyxia, and poisoning by chloroform or curare paralyze, more or less completely, the power of compensation, and then the influence of gravitation on the circulation of the blood may become a serious danger.

In such a case death is more likely to result, according to the conclusions of Professor Leonard Hill, if the body is placed in such a position that the abdomen is at a lower level than the heart.

But the danger may be diminished or removed either by elevating the abdomen or by compressing it so as to drive the blood up to the heart. When the heart itself, however, has been injured, as by chloroform, there is danger in forcing the blood too rapidly into it.

Professor Hill finds that, generally speaking, the best position for the body, when the power of compensation for the effects of gravitation has been arrested, is with the feet up instead of with the feet down.—Youth's Companion.

The Hamadryad.

The keeper at the zoo, describing to me the hamadryad's appearance when it raised itself to strike, said it was "proud" and "bold looking." Its action was as swift as thought and looked almost like a spring from the ground. How high when irritated the terrific thing can strike is not known, but no other instance is authenticated of a snake making good a blow so high as four feet from the ground, while marks on the glass of its cage show that the reptile has, in its endeavors to escape from confinement, reached up to the height of nine feet.

Supposing, then, that we were inclined to believe all that the natives of India say about it—that it is so fierce as to attack man at sight, so vindictive as to follow him with dogged resolution and add to it all we actually know about the reptile, that it can climb trees like an anaconda, swim like a hydra, get over a 9 foot wall and squeeze through a 6 inch hole, and that its bite is death, it would have to be confessed that the snake eating snake is the most terrible creature in nature.—Good Words.

An Ivory Mat.

Many people have never even heard of such a thing, and it is not to be wondered at, for these mats are exceedingly rare, and it is said by those who know that only three of these beautiful curiosities exist in the whole world. The one we now write about is the largest one made. It measures 8 by 4 feet, and though made in a small hill state in the north of India has an almost Greek design for its border. It was only used on state occasions, when the rajah sat on it to sign important documents. The original cost of the mat is fabulous, for 6,400 pounds of ivory were used in its manufacture. The finest strips of ivory must have been taken off the tusks, as the mat is as flexible as a woven stuff and beautifully fine.—Ladies' Pictorial.

Versatility.

Jess—Well, I must go and take off my bicycle bloomers.

Bess—What for?

Jess—I've got to attend a meeting of the Society For the Introduction of Dress Skirts Among Turkish Women.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Irish Police Notice.

"From the beginning of dark every vehicle must have a lighted lamp. Darkness begins when the street lamps are lighted."—Tit Bits.

GEESE HUNTING OXEN

MAY SOUND A LITTLE QUEER, BUT THE STORY COMES STRAIGHT.

In the Early Days of California Wild Geese Were So Plentiful That They Bothered Cattle Raisers, and Fortunes Were Made Shooting the Birds.

"I made a good deal of money in the early days of California when we used to stalk wild geese with oxen," said ex-Game Commissioner James Wistar of Pasadena. "Stalking geese with oxen may sound a little queer, but that's the way we used to hunt 'em in the early days. A good stalking ox, I want to tell you, was a valuable bit of property 40 years ago in California, and we used to talk about him and discuss his points just about the same as sportsmen nowadays discuss the points of their bird dogs. A good stalking ox could earn his owner anywhere from $50 to $100 a day if the owner himself was any good.

"I went to California in 1851 and promptly dropped every cent I had in a gold mine venture. In all the counties bordering on the bay, and, in fact, all along the coast, wild geese occupied the wide and open plains by the hundreds of thousands. I have seen more than a thousand acres of these big fowl pasturing in a solid block, and that many cattle feeding couldn't have cleared the grass away as completely as those geese did. I heard that the killing of these geese for market had grown to be a great industry, and that some men were getting rich at it. Ranchers were also offering a bounty for the geese, as cattle raising was becoming an important business, and the geese preempted so much of the pasture area that the loss was serious to the cattle men. I scraped enough money together to buy a gun and abandoned gold mining for goose hunting.

"When hunting for wild geese on those plains first began, the hunters were able to crawl up on them as they fed and get within easy gunshot. But the geese soon got on to the sportsmen, and by and by no one could get within half a mile of a flock. Hiding in grass blinds was tried and worked well for a time, but the cunning geese sized the blinds up at last and wouldn't come anywhere near a bunch of grass. So something had to be done. Some one had noticed that cattle feeding on the plains could crop the grass almost on the heels of a host of geese, and the fowls took no notice of them. He had an ox that was even tempered and accommodating, and one day he turned it loose and let it feed along toward where a tremendous flock of geese were pasturing.

"Now and then he'd hurry the ox up a little, walking close to it on the side away from the geese. By and by the ox got close enough to the geese to satisfy his owner, who stood still until the ox had passed on out of the way. Then he emptied one barrel of his gun into the flock on the ground and gave it the other as the birds rose. He picked up 62 geese. The ox was somewhat surprised, but didn't object to repeating the operation next day, when it was equally successful. Geese were worth $1 apiece. That was the origin of stalking wild geese with oxen. In less than a month there wasn't a goose hunter along the coast who didn't have a goose stalking ox.

"The oxen soon fell into the full spirit of the hunting. Some were better than others. An ox that understood his business would feed along toward a flock of geese or pretend to be feeding, not directly toward them, but carelessly and by many turnings, because he had discovered that the geese had grown suspicious even of cattle, and would invariably rise before an ox that wasn't cute enough to dissemble in the course of his feeding. Another thing we soon discovered that spoke volumes for the astuteness of the California wild goose. I made this discovery myself. I had been shooting for a week over a big brindle ox that had developed special aptitude for the work and enjoyed it hugely. My success had been great, when one day I was astonished to see a big flock of geese that my ox and I were stalking get up and fly away long before we had got within any kind of gunshot. The ox was just as much surprised as I was and gazed after the departing flock for a moment and then turned and looked at me as if demanding some explanation of that flock's singular conduct. It seemed to me as if he suspected me of having been indiscreet in some way and spoiling the hunt. Old Brindle went back home showing his disappointment plainly and brooded over it all the rest of the day.

"Next morning we went out to try the flock again, for they were sure to be on the feeding ground. The same thing happened again. The birds got up a quarter of a mile away or more. I felt sorry for the ox, for he took the matter a good deal to heart. And I fell to thinking on the way home, and it was there that I came to the conclusion that the California wild goose was an able bird. To test my belief next morning I turned old Brindle into a white ox by whitewashing him. At first he protested, but it seemed to suddenly strike him what it was being done for, and he started out on the hunt feeling good. I was right in my opinion of the California wild goose. Those geese had been shot at over that brindle ox until they recognized him every time he drew near, and knowing what he was there for took to getting away when they saw him drawing near. But the white ox they didn't mind. They associated only a brindle ox with danger, and so sat still as we approached, and I tumbled a lot of 'em before they got out of reach. And old Brindle seemed all but tickled to death at the success of the masquerade. In course of time I had to change him from a white ox to a red one, then to a spotted one, then to a black one, and by and by ventured to send him forth in his natural brindle again. The ruses all worked, for I found that while those wild geese had a memory it was short, and I could play the same ox on them time and time again after an interval of a couple of weeks or so. And, of course, this changing the color of geese stalking oxen became universal on the plains.

"For two or three years every one who followed wild goose hunting in this way made lots of money. Then busted miners and even broken down sports took it up, until there were almost as many hunters as geese, and the markets were kept overstocked. There was no more money in it, and I quit. But I took with me $40,000 clean money that I had made in the wild goose market. I know that at least six of the big Pacific coast fortunes of today had their foundation in the capital their possessors got from killing wild geese 40 or 45 years ago."—New York Sun.

A Distinguished Female Clergyman.

In all probability the most distinguished female clergyman in this country is Rev. Phebe A. Hanaford, at present a resident of Gotham. She is not occupying a pulpit, however, and it is hardly possible she ever will again. Rev. Hanaford for almost 30 years has been an ordained minister in successful charge of a number of congregations. Dr. Hanaford is a member of Sorosis and a well known writer and lecturer as well as minister. She has the honor to be the pioneer of women in the sacred desk in this country, as she was the first ordained woman minister in America and the fourth in the world.—Philadelphia Press.

A Way They Have In Sweden.

A domestic who had recently arrived in Chicago from Sweden was instructed to boil some potatoes for bread making purposes. She put them in the wash boiler with some clothes, and upon being taken to task for it, explained that this was the custom in Sweden; that in this way the housewife starched her clothes, while at the same time preparing the potatoes for bread making.—Chicago Times-Herald.

Plaster casts in their natural state are best freed from dust by covering them with a thick layer of starch. When the starch is dry, brush thoroughly with a stiff brush, and it will be found that the dust has been removed with the starch.

The Chattahoochee river in Georgia is so called from an Indian expression meaning "painted rocks." At several places on its banks the cliffs have peculiar markings that resemble artificial paintings.

THE NEW BOY.

Scene—The upper hall of Dr. Pushem's select family school, in which pupils enjoy all the advantages of a refined home and are thoroughly prepared for college or commercial life. Half a dozen promising young gentlemen are seated about the stove listening to Foxy Gallup's graphic description of how Godwin tripped up Dr. Pushem, rolled down stairs with him and then ran away to New York, a happening with which Foxy is thoroughly familiar, and which is regarded as one of the most important landmarks in the history of the school.

Master Thomas Wintergreen (entering)—I say, fellers, the new boy's just come, and he'll be up here in less'n five minutes.

Foxy (excitedly)—Hurrah! Now we'll have some fun. Tommy, you run and make a big snowball to put in his bed, and I'll tie a string across the door to trip him up.

Master Wintergreen—Cheese it! The old man's coming up with him, so you'd better lay low. (The doctor and the new boy are heard approaching, and the young gentlemen quickly throw themselves into attitudes of decorum.)

Dr. Pushem (entering in company with the new boy)—Young gentlemen, this is Master Ridgway, my new pupil. He will share your studies and have his room on this floor. I trust that his manners will not be contaminated by the association. (The young gentlemen rise and salute the newcomer with well feigned cordiality, and the doctor disappears down the staircase.)

Foxy—I say, young feller, where do you hail from?

New Boy (diffidently)—I live in Brooklyn.

Foxy—You don't tell me? Why, that's not very far away. On clear nights you can see the Brooklyn bridge from Tommy's window.

New Boy—I don't believe it. My mother told me I was coming 100 miles from home.

Tommy (very politely)—Oh, yes, you can too. Just step in with me and I'll show it to you. The atmosphere here is so highly rarefied—as you will learn in the daily sessions of the natural history class—that we can see through immense distances. After you, please. (As the new boy crosses the threshold a can of water which has been standing on the top of the door falls on him, to the intense amusement of his companions. Foxy and Tommy are assiduous in their expressions of regret at the disaster and administer a severe rebuke to the others for laughter at it.)

Foxy (in pleasant tones)—Sit close to the fire, you new feller, and dry yourself before you go to bed. I hope we'll get some sleep tonight, for the ghost kept us awake last night. Gracious, how he did scream, though!

New Boy—What ghost?

Tommy—Why, the ghost of the boy that was beaten to death by the doctor about two years ago. Every once in awhile we hear him hollering and screaming, and I tell yer there isn't much sleep when that row is going on.

New Boy (defiantly)—I don't believe it, and, what's more, you can't scare me with any of your ghost stories.

Foxy (significantly)—Well, you needn't believe it unless you want to, but you'd believe it, wouldn't you, if you were to see that ghost walk up to your bedside in the middle of the night? There's the last bell, and we'd better get to bed before the old man comes around.

(Exeunt omnes.)

Act II.—Time, 10:30 p. m.

Scene—Dr. Pushem's study on the lower floor.

Dr. Pushem (awakening suddenly from a doze)—My dear, it's so quiet up stairs tonight that I can't sleep. I wonder what those boys are up to. I noticed two or three of them reading the Bibles when I made the rounds tonight, and that is always ominous. Our last pupil, you remember, ran away this morning after he arrived here, and I don't care to lose this one too. Just hand me my rattan, please. I think I'll step up stairs and see what's going on. (Exit with muffled tread.)

Act III. Time, 10:33 p. m.

Scene—Apartment occupied by Foxy Gallup and Master Wintergreen. Half a dozen young gentlemen clad in nightshirts discovered engaged in an animated consultation.

Foxy—Now, then, Billy, you'd better go down on the staircase and keep watch for the old man.

Billy Trumbull—Oh, the old man's all right, and, besides, I don't wanter miss the fun.

Foxy—Well, we'd better all keep our eyes peeled. That's all I've gotter say. Now, just look alive with that sheet and remember we mustn't run out till Tommy hollers, "Oh, doctor, don't beat me!" (Drapes Master Wintergreen in a sheet and pins it together in a secure and artistic manner.) Quick! Gimme that phosphorus till I make a pair of eyes and a fiery nose. There! How does that look? Not quite as good as the one we frightened the last feller with, but it'll do.

Master Wintergreen—Can't you fix it so's I can see? I'm blind as a bat in here and can't tell which way I'm going.

Foxy—Never mind seeing. You can feel your way all right after you've once started. Don't fall over the stove. Now, then, off you go and be sure you holler loud enough to wake him. (Propels him into the hall and closes the door softly.) Now, then, you fellers all keep quiet and listen. There he goes!

Ghost (from without)—Oh! Oh! Oh! Please don't, doctor!

Foxy (dancing with glee)—Hear him now, will you? I'll bet that new feller's a-trembling in his shoes. Tommy's the boy can play ghost better'n any one in the school. There he goes again. Now out we go and see the fun! Come along, fellers! (Opens the door and sallies forth, followed by the rest.)

Ghost (writhing in the doctor's grasp)—Oh, please, doctor, I can't help walking in my sleep! I wan't a-doin nothin, an I won't do it any more! Oh, doctor!

Foxy (aghast)—By gosh, fellers, the doctor's got him, an he's catchin it! Cheese it! (Exeunt omnes.)

Curtain.—Boston Herald.

Working Up a Climax.

As he entered the barber shop (he was a prominent official of the Duluth road, very prominent, so near the top that he might be described as the top itself), he sat down in the chair and the barber went to work on his well domed poll.

The barber was a cheerful man, fond of social intercourse and rather prided himself on his powers as a conversationist. So when he felt the head of the Duluth official with his taper fingers, he thought he would astonish and please him with some conversation and perhaps the official would in turn write out a ten years' pass on a piece of shaving soap.

So the barber was light and merry, learned and philosophical by turns, and was well pleased with the expression that stole over the official's face, so full of approbation was it. He knew that he would handle a pour boire of a quarter, if he did not get the pass. He was determined to please, and when the official asked him if he had any cotton handy the barber said he thought he had. He sent quickly to a store and secured a small supply of the cotton, and giving it to the official that gentleman took two small fragments and put them in his ears.

Then the barber thought of Casey at the bat.—St. Paul Dispatch.

Altruism In the Nursery.

The newest way of bidding a refractory child to go and play combines sweetness and belief in the mind cure and the necessity of cultivating altruism. It is: "My dear, if you can possibly wish to go, do wish. It would be so much more convenient for dear little mother." At the table one addresses the infant with, "My sweet, if you can possibly like your oatmeal, do like it, and then dear little mother will not have to give you Saratoga potatoes." When schooltime comes, one murmurs, "My love, if you can possibly persuade yourself to love your book, do love it and go to school and permit dear little mother to go shopping." Thus it continues all day long, until the sweet child is begged to go to bed and does wish when it can no longer keep its eyes open.

Largest Coin.

The largest gold coin in existence is said to be the gold ingot, or "loof," of Anam, a flat, round goldpiece worth about $315, the value being written upon it in Indian ink.

FOR

Insect Stings
Sore Eyes
Eruptions
Sore Feet
Soreness
Chafing
Catarrh
Bruises
Sprains
Burns
Boils
Cuts
Piles
Female Complaints
Mosquito Bites
Sunburn AND ALL Inflammation

USE POND'S EXTRACT

REFUSE SUBSTITUTES

BE SURE THAT BOTTLE WITH BUFF WRAPPER LOOKS LIKE THIS

MANUFACTURED ONLY BY POND'S EXTRACT COMPANY, 76 FIFTH AVE. NEW YORK.

aug 95 D&W su we fr

J. W. NORWOOD, President. W. J. TOOMER, Cashier.

W. C. COKER, Jr, Ass't Cashier.

Atlantic National Bank,

Wilmington, N. C.

Liberal Loans Made on Approved Security at Lowest Rates.

NO INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS.

All Cash Collections remitted for on day of receipt. Accounts of individuals, firms, banks and other corporations solicited. Promptness, accuracy and safety guaranteed.

	Sept. 28, 1893.	Sept. 28, 1894.	Sept. 28, 1895.
Surplus and Net Profits..	$18,200	$30,100	$45,000
Premiums on U. S. Bonds,	4,250	None.	None
Banking House, &c.......	15,600	15,600	12,500

Dividends paid past two years, 6 per cent. per annum.

Last installment of capital paid in October, 1892.

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President. G. SLOAN, Cashier.

Wilmington Savings and Trust Company.

Capital, $25,000. Surplus, $4,000.

Loans made on any good security. Interest paid at rate of 4 per cent. per annum. oct 22 tf

Braddy & Gaylord

Gives the following prices on goods for the next seven days: One yard wide bleaching at 5c. Seven-eights yard wide at 4½c. Androscoggin bleaching at 7½c. Four-four white homespun at 5c. Sea Island homespun at 6c. Checked homespun at 3½, 4, 4½ and 5c. Checked Gingham at 4½, 5, 6 and 7c a yard. Heavy, thick Jeans at 10c. A beautiful line of Pants Cloth at 18c; nearly all wool at 25c. A heavy Blue Flannel, fifty-four inches wide, for boys' suits and pants, at 40c, worth 65c. Thirty-six inch wide Navy Blue Tricots at 10c. Thirty-four inch wide Carsimeres at 12½c. Twenty eight inch Plaids, in Dress Suitings, at 12½c. Forty inch Plaids, all styles, at 35, 40 and 60c a yard. Fifty-four inch, All Wool Ladies' Cloth at 75c. Extra value Twilled Red Flannel at 12½, 15, 18, 25, 35 and 40c, all grades; Plain White at 15, 18 and 25c; Heavy Twilled All Wool Extra Quality at 35c a yard. Ladies' Long Sleeve Under Vest at 18, 25, 40 and 50c; Medicated Red Flannel at $1.00 and 1.25—for ladies and gents; Children's size, 16, in White Merino at 10c, with a rise of 2c a number up to No. 34. Forty-four inch long Turkish Bath Towels at 10c. Gents' Fine, Black, Seamless Half Hose at 10c; Women's Black Hose at 5c; Heavy and Exra Long at 10c; Seamless at 15c; Hermsdorf Dyes, Fine Grade, at 25 and 30c; a few Children's Hose at 25c a pair. Ladies' Kid Gloves, a job lot, for ladies and gents, at 25 and 30c a pair. Ladies' Fine Kid Pearl Button Glove at 75c and $1.00.

Braddy & Gaylord, Prop.

Of Wilmington's Big Racket Store, at 112 North Front street, opposite the Orton House.

oct 20 tf

The State,

RALEIGH, N. C.

ON WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 23d, I WILL begin the publication at Raleigh of THE STATE, a weekly Democratic newspaper.

The watch-word of THE STATE will be steadfast support of the Democratic Party and its well-established principles, and White Supremacy and intelligent and honest administration of public affairs in North Carolina.

THE STATE will advocate Bimetallism, the industrial development of North Carolina and the extension of popular education.

Subscription Price	$1 25
Clubs of Five	5 00
Clubs of Twelve	10 00

A copy of the paper, when issued, will probably be seen at your postoffice.

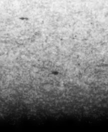
Your subscription is solicited.

I will be glad to send you the first number. Start now.

S. A. ASHE, Editor, Raleigh, N. C.

oct 18 tf

D. O'Connor,



REAL ESTATE AGENT, WILMINGTON, N. C. Stores, Offices and Dwellings for rent. Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, taxes and insurance attended to promptly. Cash loaned on improved city real estate. sep 6 tl

THE LATEST. THE GREATEST

Ninth Edition.

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Not Condensed

Not Revised,

Not Mutilated.

—BUT—

The Great And Only

Encyclopædia Britannica.

Complete in 25 Volumes

The Encyclopædia Britannica is not only a complete compendium of all knowledge, but it is a dictionary of biography, a record of inventions, a history of discoveries, a calendar of dates, a registry of events, a glossary of technical and scientific terms, a collection of mathematical, chemical, and mechanical formulas, a handbook of law, a medical guide.

Best Atlas in the World.

The most thorough and reliable key to business knowledge, a manual of games, sports and amusements, a theranus of statistics, a history of all countries and people, a storehouse of criticism, a treasury of curious learning, a vade mecum for the household and farm, as for the office and library, a repertory of useful information. If the professional or the business man should undertake to put upon his library shelves the special treaties, which would cover as wide a range of topics as those gathered in the Britannica, relating to his own pursuits, his purchases would extend over scores of volumes, some of them rare and expensive, and many of them not brought down to date.

Of all the works of reference now in the market, the Encyclopædia Britannica is not only the most comprehensive, but by far the cheapest, even at

The STAR will for a short time furnish this great work in Cloth binding at $1.60 per volume; in full sheep at $2.20 per volume, and will deliver the whole set upon payment of $5 cash, giving you long time to pay the balance.

The purchase of any Encyclopædia short of the best is not only bad judgment, but worse economy. The STAR will furnish you this, the greatest literary production of the century, at one-third the former price and on terms so accommodating that none need deny themselves the great advantage of owning this mine of information. Remember that the present is the only time we can call our own. We reserve the privilege of withdrawing this offer at any time. It is made as a favor to the STAR'S readers, and for the purpose of increasing our circulation. You are invited to call and examine the books, or send us your address for further particulars. Out of town subscribers can order by mail, and the books will be sent prepaid.

The Original Price of $8 Per Volume.

Heretofore this work could be obtained only at a great cost—from $125 to $200. It is now, for the first time, placed within reach of the masses. A saving of only 15 cents a day gives you this never-failing fountain of knowledge. Is it not worth such a slight effort to obtain it?

The Star Britannica Department,

9 and 11 Princess Street, Wilmington, N. C.

MAXTON BUILDING —AND— LOAN ASSOCIATION,

Maxton, N. C.

DIRECTORS.

J. D. Croom, Maxton.
J. S. McRae, Maxton.
Ed. McRae, Maxton.
G. B. Patterson, Maxton.
E. F. McRae, Raemont.
J. H. Morrison, Lumberton.
Wm. H. Bernard, Wilmington.

The attention of investors in Wilmington is called to the fact that the average profits on Six Series of Stock in this Association have been over

Fourteen Per Cent.

Initiation Fee, 25 Cents per Share.

Subscriptions to Stock payable in weekly instalments of 25 Cents per Share.

The management is prudent and economical, as is shown by the fact that the Association has sustained no losses, and its annual expenses, including taxes, are only about Two Hundred Dollars.

J. D. CROOM, President.

W. B. HARKER, Secretary.

june 8 1m

To the Public.

WE ARE STILL AT THE OLD STAND No. 11 South Front street, where we would be pleased to have you call and see us whenever you are in need of a first class Hair Cut or Shave, or anything else in that line. Satisfaction guaranteed. Respectfully

H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS, Experts in Barbering, South Front St.

sept 15 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.

In Effect Sunday, Sept. 1, 1895.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND 8	STATIONS.	SOUTH BOUND 7
A M	—WILMINGTON—	P M
8 30	Lv.. Mulberry street ..Ar	6 20
10 34	Lv..Jacksonville Lv	4 25
11 07	Lv..Maysville.........Lv	3 51
11 28	Lv..Pollocksville......Lv	3 36
12 0[illegible]	Ar..Newbern Lv	3 00
P M		P M

Trains 8 and 7 p m make connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Marine's daily except Sunday, at 6.30 a m; arrive Jacksonville at 9 30 a m; returning leave Jacksonville 3.00 p m, arriving Marine's 6 p m.

H. A. WHITING, General Manage

J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager. sep 1 tf

ATLANTIC COAST LINE.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT OCT. 21, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.25 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.56 a m, Warsaw 11.10 a m, Goldsboro 12.05 a m, Wilson 1.00 p m, Rocky Mount 2.33 p m, Tarboro 2.48 p m, Weldon 3.39 p m, Petersburg 5.48 p m, Richmond 6.45 p m, Norfolk 6.05 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.53 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.40 p m, Wilson 10.27 p m, †Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 12.07 a m, Weldon 12.55 a m, †Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 2.37 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.23 a m, Philadelphia 10.46 a m, New York 1.23 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 55—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.45 p m, Chadbourn 5.17 p m, Marion 6.24 p m, Florence 7.05 p m, Atkins 8.11 p m, Sumter 8.38 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.11 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 10.55 p m, Savannah 1.55 a m, Jacksonville 7.55 a m, St. Augustine 10.15 a m, Tampa 6.00 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.45 P M — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.05 a m, Baltimore 2.55 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.05 a m, Petersburg 10.00 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.53 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 3.10 p m, Warsaw 4.02 p m, Magnolia 4.16 p m.

DAILY 9.45 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11.38 a m, Baltimore 2.13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7.13 p m, Petersburg 7.55 p m, †Norfolk 2.10 p m, Weldon 9.27 p m, †Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.20 p m, arrive Wilson 11.08 p m, leave Wilson 6.20 a m, Goldsboro 7.05 a m, Warsaw 7.59 a m, Magnolia 8.13 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11.50 a m — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 8.20 a m, Sanford 1.00 p m, Jacksonville 6.20 p m, Savannah 12.10 night, Charleston 4.12 a m, Columbia 5.20 a m, Atlanta 7.15 a m, Macon 9.00 a m, Augusta 2.25 p m, Denmark 4.17 p m, Sumter 6.43 a m, Atkins 7.14 a m, Florence 8.25 a m, Marion 9.06 a m, Chadbourn 10.10 a m, Lake Waccamaw 10.39 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.45 p m, Halifax 4.05 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7.20 a m, Greenville 8.22 a m, Arriving Halifax at 11.00 a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 10 a m returning leaves Tarboro 4 30 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m. arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects at Parmele with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 4.50 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5 25 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 55 a m.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, 6 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C., 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.30 p m. Returning leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.00 a m.

Trains on South and North Carolina Railroad leave Elliott 11 15 a m and 4 00 p m. Lucknow 12 45 p m, and 5 00 p m; returning leave Lucknow 9 00 a m and 2 00 p m, arrive Elliott 10 30 a m and 3 30 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 8.40 a m, arrive Latta 9.01 a m, Dillon 9 12 a m, Rowland 9 31 a m, returning leaves Rowland 6 00 p m, arrives Dillon 6.18 p m, Latta 6.31 p m, Pee Dee 6.53 p m, daily. Latta Branch trains leave Latta 6 40 p m, arrive Clio 8 05 p m, returning leave Clio 6 10 a m, arrive Latta 7 50 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilmington and Conway Railroad, leave Hub at 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 10.20 a m, arrive Conway 12.35 p m, leave Conway 12 30 p m, Chadbourn 5.35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.10 a m, 8.15 a m, 7.35 p m, arrive Darlington 7.45 a m, 8.55 a m, 8.00 p m. Hartsville 8.50 p m, Bennettsville 2 50 p m, Gibson 5 10 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 11.15 a m, Wadesboro 1.10 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Gibson 9 40 a m, Bennettsville 11 10 a m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m, 5.25 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m, Manning 6.21 p m, arrive Lane's 7 p m, leave Lanes 8.38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m, arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.30 a m, 7.10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 3 p m, arrive Lanes 8.25 a m, 5.25 p m. Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.08 p m, 11.08 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m, Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4.30 p m, 12.53 a m, Rowland 6.00 p m, returning leave Rowland 9.31 a m, Fayetteville 10.55 a m, 9.35 p m, Dunn 11.44 a m, Smithfield 12.25 p m, Selma 12.32 p m, arrive Wilson 1.20 p m, 11.28 p m.

Manchester & Augusta Railroad train leaves Darlington †7 56 a m, arrives Sumter †9 25 a m. Leave Sumter †9 50 a m, arrives Pregnalls †6 00 p m. Leaves Sumter 4 20 a m, arrives Denmark 6 11 a m. Returning leaves Denmark 4 17 p m, arrive Sumter 6 05 p m, Leaves Pregnalls †8 50 a m, arrives Sumter †8 30 p m, Leaves Sumter †6 25 a m, arrives Darlington †7 55 p m.

†Daily except Sunday.

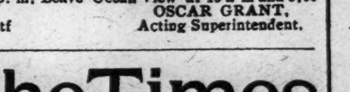
H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.

T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. my 12 tf

Wilmington Seacoast Railroad

CHANGE OF SCHEDULE.



ON AND AFTER OCT. 10TH, THE TRAINS on the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad will run as follows:

Trains leave Princess-street Station at 2.30 and 6.00 p. m.

Trains leave Ocean View at 7.30 a. m., 5 p. m.

Sunday trains leave Princess Street Station at 2.30 and 6 p. m. Leave Ocean View at 10 a m and 5.00 p. m.

OSCAR GRANT, Acting Superintendent.

oct 6 tf

The Times

(PHILADELPHIA) THIS MORNING?

THE TIMES—Is the most extensively circulated and widely read newspapers published in Pennsylvania. Its discussion of public men and public measures is in the interest of public integrity, honest government and prosperous industry, and it knows no party or personal allegiance in treating public issues. In the broadest and best sense a family and general newspaper.

THE TIMES—Aims to have the largest circulation by deserving it and claims that it is unsurpassed in all the essentials of a great metropolitan newspaper. Specimen copies of any edition will be sent free to any one sending in their address.

TERMS—DAILY, $3.00 per annum, $1.00 for four months, 30 cents per month; delivered by carriers for 6 cents per week. SUNDAY EDITION, twenty-four large, handsome pages, 168 columns, elegantly illustrated, $2.00 per annum, 5 cents per copy. Daily and Sunday, $5.00 per annum, 50 cents per month. Weekly edition, 50 cents per annum.

Address all letters to THE TIMES.

Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway Co

JOHN GILL, Receiver.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

IN EFFECT JUNE 23, 1895

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No. 1.	MAIN LINE	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 2.
5 55 p. m	Ar... Wilmington ...Lve	9 05 a. m
2 45 "	Lv... Fayetteville ...Ar	12 15 p m
2 15 "	Ar .. Fayetteville ... Lv	12 45
"	Ar Fayetteville Junc Lv	
12 50 "	Lv .... Sanford Lv	2 16 "
10 50 a m	Lv......Climax......Lv	4 19 p. m
10 20 "	Lv....Greensboro... Ar	4 50 "
10 11 "	Ar....Greensboro... Lv	5 00 "
9 28 "	Lv....Stokesdale.... Lv	5 55 "
8 59 a m	Lv...Walnut Cove... Ar	6 25 "
8 55 "	Ar..Walnut Cove... Lv	6 30 "
8 29 "	Lv....Rural Hall. . Lv	6 58 "
7 05 "	Lv.....Mt Airy..... Ar	8 25 "

SOUTH BOUND DAILY No 3.	Bennetsville Division.	NORTH BOUND DAILY No. 4.
7 20 p m	Ar...Bennettsville...Lv	8 15 a. m
6 12 "	Ar......Maxton.. .. Lv	9 2[illegible] "
5 40 "	Lv...Red Springs....Lv	9 55 "
4 54 "	Lv....Hope Mills....Lv	10 35 "
4 25 "	Lv....Fayetteville... Ar	10 55

SOUTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 15. MIXED.	Factory and Madison Branches.	NORTH BOUND Daily except Sunday. No. 16. MIXED.
6 00 p m	Ar..... Ramseur ...Lv	5 50 a m
4 20 "	Lv ..... Climax.... Lv	7 35 "
3 00 "	Lv .... Greensboro... Ar	8 20 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Greensboro	9 15 a. m
Leave Stokesdale	10 50
Arrive Madison	11 50 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15 MIXED. daily ex su
Leave Madison	12 30 p m
Leave Stokesdale	1 35
Arrive Greensboro	2 40

NORTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company, at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem.

SOUTH-BOUND CONNECTIONS

At Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western Railroad for Roanoke and points North and West, at Greensboro with the Southern Railway Company for Raleigh, Richmond and all points North and East, at Fayetteville with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points South, at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South and Southwest, at Wilmington with the Wilmington Seacoast Railroad for Wrightsville and Ocean View.

Trains No. 1 and 2 dinner at Fayetteville.

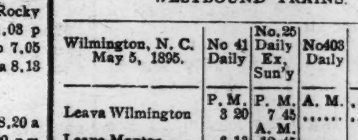
W. E. KYLE, Gen'l Passenger Agent.

J. W. FRY, Gen'l Manager.

my 18 tf

SEABOARD AIR LINE.

Carolina Central R. R.



CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

WESTBOUND TRAINS.

Wilmington, N. C. May 5, 1895.	No 41 Daily	No. 25 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No403 Daily
	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilmington	3 20	7 45	......
		A. M.	
Leave Maxton	6 13	12 45	......
Arrive Hamlet	7 00	2 05	......
Leave Hamlet	7 05	2 50	7 54
Leave Wadesboro	7 55	4 40	8 08
Arrive Monroe	8 55	5 50	8 49
Leave Monroe	9 20	6 30	9 55
Arrive Charlotte	10 10	7 45	10 43
Leave Charlotte			10 48
Leave Lincolnton			12 05
			P. M.
Leave Shelby			1 50
Air Rutherfordton			2 30

EASTBOUND TRAINS.

	No. 38 Daily	No. 26 Daily Ex. Sun'y	No402 Daily
	A. M.	P M.	P. M.
Lve Rutherfordton	......	......	4 25
Leave Shelby	......	......	5 58
Leave Lincolnton	......	......	6 55
Arrive Charlotte	......	......	8 30
Leave Charlotte	5 20	8 50	8 20
Arrive Monroe	6 00	10 45	9 10
Leave Monroe	6 20	11 05	9 15
Leave Wadesboro	7 18	12 42	9 54
		A. M.	
Arrive Hamlet	8 08	2 05	10 34
Leave Hamlet	8 45	2 30	
Leave Maxton	9 28	3 30	
	P. M.		
Arrive Wilmington	12 30	8 05	

Schedule Between Wilmington and Raleigh.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Raleigh	1.26 a m	11.35 a m
Leave Raleigh	5.26 a m	3.30 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Schedule between Wilmington and Atlanta.

Leave Wilmington	3.20 p m	7.45 p m
Arrive Atlanta	5.20 a m	4.09 p m
Leave Atlanta	8.45 p m	1.00 p m
Arrive Wilmington	12.30 p m	8.05 a m

Sleepers on 25 and 26 between Wilmington and Charlotte.

Close connection at Athens by No. 25 for Macon, and close connection at Atlanta by Nos. 25 and 41 for Mobile, New Orleans, Nashville and all Southern Western and Northwestern points.

Close connection by 25 and 41 for Augusta.

Nos. 403 and 402, "Atlanta Special," fast vestibule, daily for all points North, South and West.

Connections made at Lincolnton for Western N. C. points.

Junction Points—At Maxton with C F & Y V; at Wadesboro with Cheraw & Salisbury R R; at Hamlet with R & A, C S & N, and Palmetto Railway, at Monroe with G C & N; at Charlotte with R & D system; at Lincolnton with C & L Narrowgage, and at Shelby and Rutherfordton with the Three C's.

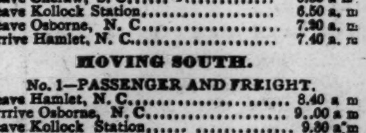
For information as to rates, schedules, &c, apply to THOS. D. MEARES, Agent S A L, Wilmington, N C

T. J. ANDERSON, Gen'l Pass. Agt.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice-President.

JNO. H. WINDER, Gen'l Mrg. jan 20 tf

PALMETTO RAILROAD CO.



To Take Effect on Sept. 23, 1894

MOVING NORTH.

No. 2—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kollock Station	6.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.20 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.

No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

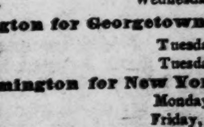
Leave Hamlet, N. C.	8.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9.00 a m
Leave Kollock Station	9.30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S.C.	9.50 a m

Close connection made at Hamlet with trains North South, East and West.

sep 25 tf MONCURE, Supt.

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.



New York for Wilmington.

ONEIDA,	Wednesday, Oct. 23
PAWNEE,	Saturday, Oct. 26
CROATAN,	Wednesday, Oct. 30

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN,	Tuesday, Oct. 22
PAWNEE,	Tuesday, Oct. 29

Wilmington for New York.

ONEIDA,	Monday, Oct. 28
PAWNEE,	Friday, Nov. 1
CROATAN,	Monday, Nov. 4

Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.

THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.

WM. P. CLYDE & CO. General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y.

oct 22 tf

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

FRIDAY MORNING, OCT. 25, 1895

THE BURNED STEAMER.

Officers and Crew of the City of St. Augustine Rescued by the Steamer City of Macon.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—Capt. John H. Gaskill, wife and seventeen men comprising the crew of the steamer City of St. Augustine, which was burned at sea, were landed here this morning by the steamer City of Macon, Capt. Lewis, from Savannah.

The captain says: "The City of St. gustine sailed on her regular trip from New York for Florida at midnight last Saturday night. Nothing unusual transpired until 11.20 o'clock Monday night, when the men at work in the fire-room discovered a dense smoke coming from the coal bunkers, fire-room and engine-room. Upon investigation it was found that the cargo in the main hold was on fire. An attempt was made to extinguish the fire, and for three-quarters of an hour the flames were held at bay, but suddenly the steam in the boilers gave out and the fire began to make rapid headway. Seeing that it was impossible to save the steamer, steps were taken to abandon her. The port and starboard life boats were got ready, and the crew, after assisting the captain's wife to a place in the stern of one of the boats, left the burning ship and dropped astern, where they caught the log line and by this means remained in a position about eighty fathoms from the burning steamer. After remaining about three quarters of an hour in the boats the City of Macon, attracted by the burning vessel, hove to near by and we then cut loose from the log line and rowed to her and were taken aboard."

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat Active and Higher—Corn, Oats and Provisions in Demand at Better Prices.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, October 24.—The local crowd was favorably disposed to the bull side on wheat to-day and were fortunate in their selection. Although the opening of the market was firm, no particularly encouraging results were achieved during the first hour. About the end of the second hour an attempt by New York to cover some wheat was the signal for quite a bulge in prices. Near the end of the day's trading a report that forty-one loads had been taken at the seaboard for export added vigor to the buying and caused a firm close. December wheat opened from 60½c to 60¾c, sold between 60½@60⅝c and 61⅛@61¼c, closing at 61@61⅛c—¾c higher than yesterday. Cash wheat was firm and ½c per bushel higher.

Of course the upturn in wheat had the natural effect of stimulating corn. May corn opened at 29¼c, sold at 29¾c, closing at 29⅜@29¾c—¼c higher than yesterday. Corn was in good demand and ¼@⅜c per bushel higher.

Quite a creditable volume of business was transacted in oats. May was in especial demand, and several large orders were filled. The firmness in other grains was the influence leading to the buying. May closed ¼c higher than yesterday. Cash oats were ¼c higher per bushel.

Provisions were up on the strength of live hog values, which were 5c higher, and partly through the speculative sympathy existing between this market and wheat. Trading was of little consequence or importance, lard not being dealt in for almost two hours. At the close January pork was 2½c higher, January lard 2½@5c higher, and January ribs 2½c higher.

SPOTS AND FUTURES

New York Sun's Review of the Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The *Sun* says: Cotton rose thirteen points on the near months, then reacted for a time, and afterward rallied, closing one to two points higher for the day and steady, with sales of 436,500 bales. New Orleans fell four points, rallied, and advanced ten to twelve points, lost this, declined eight to nine, recovered the decline and advanced ten points on March. Liverpool declined 18 32d on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales; futures declined three to three and a half points, then rallied, and closed steady at a net decline of two to two and a half points. The dry goods trade is now more active than at any time for some weeks past. In Manchester yarns were quiet and unchanged. Cloths quiet. The New Orleans receipts to-morrow are estimated at 11,000 to 18,000 bales against 10,869 last Friday, 15,573 last year and 18,805 in 1893. The port receipts were 38,650 bales against 36,445 this day last week and 61,719 last year. Exports from the ports were 4,728 bales to Great Britain and 10,857 to the Continent. Mills are now running heavily direct from planters.

To-day's features: The Liverpool news was unexpectedly bullish, and this fact, together with the liberal buying for local, Southern and European account caused an advance in the early transactions. Then came a recession, due to renewed liquidation and expectations of rather liberal receipts at the interior towns, these being estimated at 215,000 bales against 272,400 a year ago. Still later the market again took an upward turn, not only here but in New Orleans, and the close was steady at a slight advance after a liberal speculation.

THE PRIZE FIGHTERS.

Corbett's Party Packing Up to Leave Arkansas for New York—Gov. Clark Greatly Relieved.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SPRING LAKE, ARK., Oct. 24.—Corbett's party have commenced to pack up. Corbett is doing no training, and unless authorized word is received by noon Friday that Fitzsimmons' forfeit money is up, Corbett and party will leave for New York on the Iron-Mountain Express to-morrow afternoon.

LITTLE ROCK, ARK., October 24.—Gov. Clark says he feels greatly relieved over the news from Hot Springs to-day to the effect that Corbett will depart for St. Louis to-morrow, the other members of his party going to New York. The Governor says he is still Governor of Arkansas, and he feels good to think the Supreme Court is in accord with him. "It is settled now," he said, "that prize fighting will not be permitted in this State, no matter how high a purse is hung up as an inducement."

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, October 24.—Spirits turpentine dull but steady at 28¼@28¾c. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 65@1 70.

CHARLESTON, October 24.—Spirits turpentine firm at 25½c; receipts 97 casks. Rosin firm; good strained $1 90@1 80, receipts 109 barrels.

SAVANNAH, October 24.—Spirits turpentine opened and closed firm at 25½@25⅝c, with sales of 715 casks. Rosin closed quiet for pales and firm for other grades; sales of 1,695 barrels. Quote: A, B and C $1 15@1 25, D $1 25, E $1 35, F $1 40, G $1 45, H $1 50, I $1 70, K $1 85, M $2 15, N $3 60, window glass $3 00, water white $3 25.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

RUSSIAN WARSHIPS DISPATCHED TO COREA.

Japan Protests Against Russian Interference in Corean Affairs—An Uprising of Christians Apprehended in Asia Minor—The English Press on the Venezuela Incident—Anniversary of the Partition of Poland—Rumors in Rome of the Transfer of the Papacy to France—Summary Disposal of Turkish Revolutionists.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The *Globe* to-day prints a dispatch from Shanghai, saying that in consequence of the disturbed condition of Corea the Russian Government has dispatched from Vladivostock a squadron of fifteen vessels for Fusan and Chemulpo, two of the most important seaports of Corea, on the east and west coast respectively, Chemulpo being the port of Seoul. The dispatch also states that the Japanese fleet which has been stationed on the island of Formosa has been recalled and will proceed to the northward.

It is stated that the Japanese Government has replied to Russia's demand for the evacuation by Japan of Corea, protesting against undue dictation by Russia in Corean affairs. It is regarded as certain, the dispatch adds, that Russia will occupy permanently the port of Fusan.

A dispatch from Constantinople under yesterday's date, says the condition of affairs in the province of Allepo and Aldana inspires grave fears that an uprising of Christians, with consequent bloodshed, is imminent. According to reports from those provinces, emanating from Turkish sources, the inhabitants of Zeitoun, in Asia Minor, on the route from Arabgheer to Aleppo, are meditating a revolt. These people greatly resemble the inhabitants of Sassoun in general characteristics, and are well armed.

Mr. Wm. T. Stead, formerly editor of the *Pall Mall Gazette*, publishes an article in the *Westminster Gazette* in which he says that England ought not to belittle the significance of the outburst of American sentiment over the Venezuelan question. The Americans, he says, have built up a navy which they have reason to be proud of and the Monroe doctrine is now one of national faith. "When the twentieth century dawns upon us," he continues, "we will have to recognize the United States as a naval power of the first class. Nevertheless," he concluded, "our case is so strong that we need not fear to refer the question to any honest arbitrator, but first reparation must be made for violation of our territory."

VIENNA, Oct. 24.—The one hundredth anniversary of the third partition of Poland is being observed as a day of national mourning throughout Galicia today. All of the shops are closed and services are being held in the churches and lectures delivered in the town halls.

ROME, Oct. 24.—Rumors of the contemplated transfer of the seat of the Papacy to Avignon, France, have been revived, but are not credited here. Politicians when asked about it recall the story of a plan formulated by the Cardinals in 1878 to hold the conclave to elect a new Pope outside of Italy, whereupon Signor Crispi, who was then Minister of the Interior, declared that if the Cardinal and the Pope went out of Italy, the Government would own the Vatican.

ST. JOHN, Oct. 24.—Popular suspicion is now practically confirmed that a determined attempt is being made to quash the smuggling prosecution. It is feared the attempt will be successful, despite the taunts and demands of all sections of the press. No further arrests have been made since Saturday. It was announced to-night on reliable authority that appointment of all the cases had been decided upon for another fortnight, after which they will be resumed and vigorously pushed forward. This is regarded as a subterfuge to enable the convenient dropping of them.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 24.—The *Novoe Vremy* says that the belted cruisers Dimitry Donskoy and Rurik and the armored gunboat Grosiastchy have been ordered to join the Russian Pacific squadron, which has received instructions to cruise along the coast of Corea, ready for any emergency.

LONDON, October 24.—The *Standard* will to-morrow publish a dispatch from Constantinople confirming the reports of the summary disposal of many of the young Turkish party, who were arrested on the charge of seditious practices. After trial they were conveyed at night to the beach, thence to a warship. The boats of this warship then took the prisoners to a place in the Bosphorus, where the current runs the strongest, and they were then dropped overboard. The dispatch also reports that the severe measures taken by the Porte has broken the spirit of the revolutionists. Hassan Pasha, the Minister of Marine, is under suspicion and he is kept under close surveillance at his residence at Ortskeni.

COTTON MANUFACTURERS.

Members of the New England Association in Atlanta.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, Oct. 24.—Some two hundred and forty members of the New England cotton manufacturers met at the Auditorium at the Exposition this morning. This is the organization's 51st session and it was the first that has ever been held outside the New England States. The party came in last night in a body. They are being looked after by a committee from the Exposition directors and the Georgia Manufacturers Association, at whose invitation they came South. After the morning session the members saw something of the Exposition. To-morrow afternoon the ladies of the party will be entertained by Mrs. Ed Peters, and to-morrow the gentlemen will be dined at the Kimball by the Georgia manufacturers. President Goodale presided at the business meeting. He presented Mayor King and President Collier, of the Exposition, both of whom welcomed the visitors to Atlanta.

President Collier quoted Edward Atkinson, who stated recently that the effects of the first Cotton States Exposition held in Atlanta in 1881 influenced cotton manufacturing throughout the whole world. "There are to-day," said he, "more cotton mills in a single Southern State than the entire South had when that Exposition was held." President Collier declared that there is not a well managed cotton mill in the South that does not pay a good dividend on the money invested. He added that the South has given notice that it intends to aim for the first place in cotton manufacturing in the world. "We don't accept the dictum which concedes to the South unrivalled advantages for the manufacture of the coarser grades of cotton goods, but debars her from competition with New England in the finer grades. We are in this race for every prize that can be won."

A fire occurred yesterday morning at McKinney, the county seat of Collin county, Texas. The loss will exceed $100,000. The fire was in the main business portion of the town.

That Joyful Feeling

With the exhilirating sense of renewed health and strength and internal cleanliness, which follows the use of Syrup of figs, is unknown to the few who have not progressed beyond the old time medicines and the cheap substitutes sometimes offered but never accepted by the well informed.

INDUSTRIAL ENTERPRISE.

ENCOURAGING REPORTS FROM THE SOUTHERN STATES.

Farmers More Prosperous—Important Public Improvements—New Mills and Manufactories Started.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BALTIMORE, October 24.—The general condition of the South, as indicated by reports to the *Manufacturers' Record* during the week, continues to be very encouraging. The unusually large crops have placed the farmers in a more independent position. The Atlanta Exposition is attracting extraordinary interest in all sections of the country towards the South, the manufacture of iron continues to be forced by the extensive demand, and as the result, another furnace is preparing to go into blast in West Virginia, while two additional furnaces are to be built in the Alabama district. A $75,000 company has been formed to construct 300 miles of railroad through one of the richest timber and mineral sections of West Virginia. A number of important public improvements are in progress in Southern cities and the general industrial development is indicated by the following list of new enterprises:

A $100,000 tobacco company, a tannery and $50,000 mining company in Florida; a $100,000 cotton mill in Alabama, to be operated by colored men; a $80,000 grocery company, a $95,000 waste company and water works plant in Georgia; a cotton mill and a $30,000 water works plant in Mississippi; a $500,000 weave mill, $45,000 fence company, $50,000 tobacco company, $10,000 cigar company in North Carolina; a $150,000 cotton mill in South Carolina; an extensive machinery plant and flour mill in Tennessee, and a $150,000 sewerage company, a meat packing company, a $100,000 lumber company, $150,000 cotton oil company and railroad shops in Texas; a $26,000 mining company, a large bank and freight depot in Virginia; a $500,000 bridge company, $200,000 cotton mill company and a $350,000 oil company in West Virginia.

CONGREGATIONAL CHURCHES

Remarkable Growth Among Negroes and Mountain Whites in the Carolinas.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DETROIT, MICH., Oct. 24.—The American Missionary Association has selected Boston as the place for holding the jubilee annual convention next year.

The report on the church work of the association in the South was presented by Henry Martin Ladd, D. D., of Cleveland. He reported that in the one State of North Carolina alone the association has last year organized more churches than it had organized all through the whole South during any one of the preceding ten years. Thirty-four churches for colored people and eight mountain churches, a total of forty-two new churches in one year, is the unique record. The first mountain church to assume self-support is the one at Whittier, N. C.

The most surprising and the most encouraging feature of the work at the South has been the apparently spontaneous generation of Congregational churches among a people and under conditions where such a development would be least expected. Science may know nothing of spontaneous generation, as a fact, but Congregationalism does.

The "Free churches" of Georgia and the Carolinas, like the Free Pilgrim churches of the North, have attained their freedom solely by the truth. They have sought no "ism" of policy, but revolting against ecclesiastical oppression and an unworthy ministry, they have declared for simple principles and have wakened to the fact that they belong to the Congregational sisterhood. The new movement in Georgia is most interesting, as illustrating how Congregationalism springs into being, not only in New England, but among negroes of the black belt.

There was a gain of 1,425 new members in these churches during the past year. There has been remarkable progress of church work among the mountain whites, or "American Highlanders," resulting in eight new churches and a rapidly increasing membership.

A gain in membership of over 50 per cent. in three years out of a population which remains practically stationary, unaffected by booming towns and crowding settlers, is probably unparalleled in any section of our country.

Some of the incidents of the last year are the first mountain church coming to self-support, the ordination of the first Chinaman as a Congregational minister; the spontaneous development of the Congregational idea in the black belt and the largest accession of churches and new members in many years. Rev. G. Rowe, pastor of Plymouth Church, Charleston, S. C., said that the work of the American Missionary Association in the organization of church work among the negroes began nearly thirty years ago. We now have 169 churches. The majority of them are still weak and unable to carry their financial burdens without outside help.

Now and then one missionary church becomes self-supporting as in the case of the Savannah First church, the Atlanta First church and Plymouth church, Charleston, S. C., which Mr. Rowe has served about ten years.

ROUGH AND TUMBLE FIGHT

Between Opposing Counsel in a St. Louis Court Room.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ST. LOUIS, October 24.—Circuit court room No. 2 was the scene of a rough and tumble fight between ex-Congressman G. A. Finkelenburg and Attorney James M. Lewis shortly after Judge Woods opened court this morning. The fight occurred over the hearing of motions in the now celebrated Pulitzer-Jones controversy for the control of the *Post-Dispatch*. In his argument Mr. Finkelenburg, who represents Mr. Pulitzer's interests, made a statement which Gen. Lewis, attorney for Jones, characterized as a lie. Mr. Finkelenburg immediately struck Gen. Lewis a severe blow in the face. The men then clinched and fought for some time, spilling considerable blood before they were separated by court attendants. The episode created great excitement in the crowded court room.

FAST TIME.

The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Breaks the Record.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Oct. 24.—The Lake Shore & Michigan Southern, emulating the example of the New York Central and the English roads, made a fast trial trip from Chicago to Buffalo this morning and succeeded in breaking the world's record, covering 510 miles—from One Hundredth street, Chicago, to Buffalo creek, Buffalo, the outskirts of both cities—in 8.01.07, an average, including stops, of 63 10 miles an hour, or, excluding stops, of 64.98 miles an hour.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

A BAD ACCIDENT

On the New Haven & Hartford Railroad—Seventeen Persons Injured—Several Fatally.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HYDE PARK, MASS., Oct. 24.—An accident occurred on the New Haven & Hartford railroad about 5.30 p. m. today. The passenger train which leaves Sharon for Boston at 5.18 was a trifle late and was standing at the Hyde Park station taking on and discharging passengers, being directly on the time of the passenger train which left Providence for Boston at 4.15. The latter train came steaming down the line and crashed into the stationary train. The engine of the Providence train was forced through nearly half the length of the rear coach, which was filled with passengers, and practically all the injured were occupants of that car. After the accident occurred all the physicians in town were summoned as soon as it was possible to reach them, and the depot was temporarily converted into a hospital and everything done to relieve the sufferings of the injured and make them as comfortable as possible. Two persons, one a brakeman on the Sharon, the other a woman, were found to be probably fatally hurt. Their names are at present unknown. No other train hands, so far as known, were injured. The passengers were mostly men and their injuries for the most part were in the nature of contusions or bruises caused by being thrown to the floor or against the seats by the force of the collision.

C. M. Austin, brakeman, died to-night. His abdomen was pierced by an iron bar, which was not extricated for half an hour. Seventeen other persons were injured, of whom three or four may die.

ENGLAND'S ULTIMATUM.

It May Not Reach Venezuela for Several Weeks—The Situation Still Discussed by Diplomats in Washington.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The Venezuelan Minister, Mr. Andrade, had a brief interview this morning with Secretary Olney but the matter of the ultimatum, it is learned, was only incidentally referred to. It is believed that the so-called ultimatum was sent to the German Foreign Office at Berlin to be forwarded to their representative at Carcaras, by whom it will be delivered to President Crespo. Some doubt is expressed if it has yet left Berlin, in which event it may not reach the Venezuelan capital for several weeks.

There are quiet intimations here that at least one of the great European Powers whose friendliness towards the United States has frequently been manifested, is interesting itself in this dispute with Great Britain, although to what extent is not known.

Notwithstanding the dearth of news during the past few days with respect to the ultimatum, each new phase of the situation is eagerly discussed by the members of the diplomatic corps who believe that if Great Britain shall resort to drastic measures, grave consequences affecting a number of countries, not directly connected with the affair, will follow.

NEWS OF THE NAVY.

Movements of U. S. Warships—Another Naval Officer Resigns.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—The gunboat Petrel arrived at Chefoo, China, today. The dispatch boat Dolphin sailed this morning from Boston for New London.

Rear Admiral T. O. Selfridge, the new Commander-in-Chief of the European station, has selected Lieut. J. J. Hunker as his Flag Lieutenant. Lieut. Hunker has been detached from the Brooklyn Navy Yard and will sail from New York for Marseilles with Admiral Selfridge on November 2d.

The President has accepted the resignation of Lieut. Joseph Beale, U. S. N. This makes the third resignation of a naval officer that has taken place within the past few weeks.

The following naval orders have been issued: Lieut. W. L. Howard, given preparatory orders to the Boston; Chief Engineer P. A. Rearick, from the Franklin to the Cramps Shipbuilding Yards; Lieut. J. L. Jayne, from the Bureau of Equipment to the Lancaster.

MARION BUTLER.

Gives His Views Regarding the Organization of the U. S. Senate.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

RALEIGH, N. C., Oct. 24.—Senator Marion Butler in an interview here today, said, regarding the organization of the Senate, that he favored the coming together of the silver men of all parties and organizing the Senate on silver lines. He said that a majority of the Senators were elected as silver men and claim to be such and can therefore take charge of every Senate Committee and that the adherents to a gold standard can only control the Senate by the aid of men who profess to favor silver. Senator Butler says it is of the utmost importance for silver men to organize the Senate and thus control committees, for unless this is done no silver bill will be reported. The Senator is impelled to take this view of organization as he considers that Senator Sherman has made declaration in favor of organization of the Senate by advocates of a single gold standard.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

Without Material Alteration—A Fair Attendance of Buyers.

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The attendance of buyers in the dry goods market has been fair for the time of year, but their presence has not been very noticeable around the commission houses, spot business at first hands continuing moderate. The mail demand has run more to fancy cotton dress fabrics than to staples, and both seasonable lines and specialties for spring have been fairly ordered. The tone of the market remains without material alteration. In the woolen and worsted goods department, the market has been quiet and without new feature of moment.

GEORGIA DESPERADOES.

The Seigler Brothers Who Killed Sheriff Brooks of Screvin County.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ATLANTA, GA., Oct. 24.—A special to the *Constitution* says that the Seigler brothers, who killed Sheriff Brooks, of Screvin county, recently, defy arrest. They are heavily armed. The acting sheriff summoned a posse to arrest the Seiglers but the men refused to go. Gov. Atkinson has offered $300 reward for the arrest of the assassins. The citizens who declined to accompany the sheriff will be reported to the grand jury.

CUBAN DAY

November 6th at the Atlanta Exposition

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

ATLANTA, Oct. 24.—The Cuban insurgents asked the Exposition managers some time ago to have a Cuban day. The matter was deferred until President Cleveland made his visit, as it was not desired to embarrass him in any way. November 6th has been fixed for the day. Cuban sympathizers are arranging for the speakers. There will be prominent public men from all over the country on the programme.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND

Arrived in Washington Last Night from the Atlanta Exposition.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, October 24.—President Cleveland and party returned to-night from the Atlanta Exposition, arriving here at 8.12 p. m., eighteen minutes ahead of schedule time.

The trip was made without the slightest accident or delay, and Postmaster General Wilson said they were greeted most cordially in Atlanta, and had a delightful time. Large and enthusiastic crowds met the President at Charlotte, Salisbury, Greensboro, Danville and Lynchburg. Every member of the President's party was delighted with the trip, and are loud in their praises of the perfect service of the Southern Railway.

General Passenger Agent Turk, of the Southern Railway, had charge of the party to and from Atlanta and said the entire round trip was made smoothly.

As the train arrived ahead of time the crowd at the depot consisted only of those awaiting to take trains out of the city and the numerous police in citizens clothes and uniforms had little trouble in clearing a passageway for the presidential party, which passed through the station almost unrecognized.

VERDICT NOT GUILTY

In the Trial of an Alleged Bogus Insurance Case at Beaufort, N. C.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BEAUFORT, N. C., Oct. 24.—A verdict of not guilty was rendered in the Superior Court to-day in the case of the National Life Association of Hartford, Conn., prosecuting Dr. T. B. Delamar, L. T. Poe and Wm. Fish, in the Hattie Davis bogus insurance case. Several similar cases remain to be tried.

FATAL COMBAT

Between a Railroad Brakman and Conductor.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HOUSTON, TEX., Oct. 24.—Sydney Lane a Southern Pacific brakeman, started out to hunt conductor C. H. Neville. Neville was warned and when he saw Lane, began to fire, Lane returning it. Neville was struck three times, dying in a short while. Lane was hit twice and will die before night. After firing five shots, the men clinched and beat each other with their pistols in a horrible manner.

WARM WIRELETS.

Ex-Senator Charles H. VanWyck, of Nebraska, died in Washington, D. C. He was stricken with paralysis on Monday, and sank gradually until his death. This was his second attack.

A dispatch from Colon says that Senor Bora, an influential native of the Isthmus of Panama, is pressing the Government to recognize the Cuban insurgents as belligerents.

Zeke and Dick Crittenden, brothers, who were United States deputy marshals and Indian police, were shot and killed in the main street of Wagoner, I. T., by Ed Red, also a deputy marshal.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES For Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 1 cent per word each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 20 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance.

Crackers and Cakes, wholesale and retail, Flour, Sugar, Coffee, Kerosene Oil, all at lowest prices. Cutter Tobacco I keep always on hand. The people who have used it don't want any other. Neill McKinnon, Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. c21

Have you seen our "Cinderella Franklin?" Handsomest Stove in the city. "Farmer" and "Farmer Girl" Cook Stoves. Furnace and Stoves repaired and put up. Jas. H. Taylor, 28 South Front street. oct 25 2t*

For Sale—Two-story residence near Third street, for something less than $8,000. W. M. Cumming, Real Estate Agent and Notary Public. oct 24 1w

Salesman wanted to sell the Rapid Dish Washer to the wholesale and retail trade. Washes and dries the dishes in two minutes without wetting the fingers. $75 a week and all expenses. Easy position; no hard work; can make $1.00 a week. Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. oct 22 tf

Photographs—The finest possible Photographs at low rates, $1.00 per dozen up. A fine line of Photo Frames from 15c up. U. C. Ellis, Photographer, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. oct 8 tf

Electrical Bicycle Bells applied to Bicycles by Howard & King, No. 101 Front and Market streets. sep 21 tf

Beer on draught and any drink known to American or French Saloonists. Free lunch from eleven a. m. until one o'clock and from five to seven o'clock p. m., at A. P. Levy's French Cafe, Princess street. sep 5 tf

The celebrated pale Kyffhauser Beer! Sold only by F. Richter, Wilmington, N. C.

WILMINGTON Intelligence Bureau, Wilmington, N. C. Still in the lead for servants. Want one girl, White, German preferred, who will work for $8 per month, where she will have a home. R. B. Reardon, Prop. jy 7 tf

Baskets, Vegetable Baskets for the shipment of Peas, Beans, Cucumbers, etc. For sale at Jno. S. McEachern's Grain and Feed Store 211 Market street. c21

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road Carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House c21

For Rent.

House ten rooms corner Fifth and Mulberry streets. Fourteen rooms on North Front street. Has complete Water Works. Twelve rooms over the Singer Sewing Machine Store on Market street. Water Works on premises. All suitable for Boarding Houses. Apply to D. O'CONNOR, Real Estate Agent, oct 24 2t

JOHNSON & FORE.

We have made extensive preparations for the approaching season, and with the present glorious prospects we expect to do a

Tremendous Fall Trade.

Remember, we are headquarters for High Class Novelties in

DRESS GOODS AND MILLINERY.

Black Goods will be used more this Fall and Winter than ever before, and we are confident we can show the most elegant assortment and best selected stock in the State.

Our stock of

Imported Fancy Dress Patterns

are "just lovely;" at least that is the remark we so frequently hear from the ladies.

100 Dozen Kid Gloves

for Ladies, Gents and Misses, in Black and White and all the fashionable Fall Shades. We have made up our mind to do the KID GLOVE BUSINESS of the city, and we have the stock to do it with.

Have a complete stock of Dr. Jaeger's celebrated Sanitary Woollen Underwear in all the different grades for Gents, Ladies and Children.

Agents for Imperial Pinned Paper Patterns.

Johnson & Fore,

No. 111 Market St.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

oct 15 tf

For Sale!

DryGoods

—AND—

GENT'S

Furnishing Goods

BUSINESS, STORE, FIXTURES, &c.,

including good will of stand.

Store situated on the northeast corner of Front and Market street.

For particulars apply in person or address P. O. Box 299. oct 13 tf

YOU!

We Are Talking to You!

You have probably noticed our untiring efforts to gain your trade. Considering the large number of customers which we have managed to draw our way, we might, possibly, worry along without you. But we WANT YOUR TRADE. We are "rounding up" some contracts made months ago, for certain

SHOES

Which we managed by a "close rub" to get at old prices. True, we are paying the Full Rise on some grades, because we can't get them from manufacturers without doing so. But believing our section ill-prepared to pay the full advance, we are trying to equalize things by Dividing Our Advantages with our patrons, whom we cordially thank for past favors, and ask (also the public in general) to continue to call on us for Bargains in all kinds of Foot Wear.

Respectfully,

Mercer & Evans,

oct 18 tf Successors to H. C. Evans, 115 Princess St

Mullets.

100 Barrels September Mullets,

Packed in 100 lb. Northern barrels.

FOR SALE LOW.

Write for quotations.

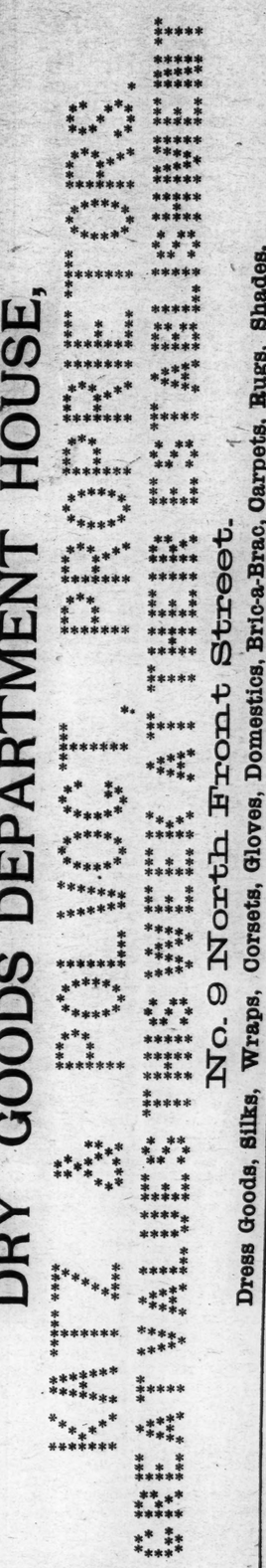
Large Stock of Tobacco and Cigars at Close Figures.

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.,

sep 22 tf 12 Market St.

HOUSE,

DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT



Carpets, Rugs, Shades.

No. 9 North Front Street.

Dress Goods, Silks, Wraps, Corsets, Gloves, Domestics, Bric-a-Brac,

1831 THE CULTIVATOR AND Country Gentleman. 1896

THE BEST OF THE AGRICULTURAL WEEKLIES DEVOTED TO

Farm Crops and Processes, Horticulture & Fruit-Growing, Live Stock and Dairying,

While it also includes all minor departments of Rural interest, such as the Poultry Yard, Entomology, Bee Keeping, Greenhouse and Grapery, Veterinary Replies, Farm Questions and Answers, Fireside Reading, Domestic Economy, and a summary of the News of the Week. Its MARKET REPORTS are unusually complete, and much attention is paid to the Prospects of the Crops, as throwing light upon one of the most important of all questions—*When to Buy and Who to Sell.* It is liberally Illustrated, and contains more reading matter than ever before. The subscription Price is $2.50 per ear, but we offer a SPECIAL REDUCTION in our

CLUB RATES FOR 1896.

TWO SUBSCRIPTIONS,	in one remittance	$
SIX SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do. do.	10
TEN SUBSCRIPTIONS,	do. do.	15

☞ To all NEW Subscribers for 1896, paying in advance now, WE WILL SEND THE PAPER WEEKLY from our RECEIPT of the remittance, to January 1st, 1896, WITHOUT CHARGE.

☞ SPECIMEN COPIES FREE. Address LUTHER TUCKER & SON, *Publishers*, ALBANY, N. Y. oct 15 tf

STOP LYING

Awake at night thinking about how and where you can spend your hard-earned money to the best advantage. You want the best possible values obtainable when purchasing a thing for wear. It is more than right that you should have what you want. To get the best values in Wilmington go to

A. DAVID & Co.,

Front and Princess Streets,

Where prices on all seasonable goods are several notches lower than the water in Cape Fear river. The stock embraces

Men's, Boy's, Youths' and Children's

CLOTHING.

Woollen, Merino and Cotton

UNDERWEAR,

In fact a complete assortment of

Gent's Furnishings.

Se our Merchant Tailoring Department. The finest goods, best workmanship, cheaper than ever.

A. DAVID & CO.

oct 13 tf

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

OUR STOCK PURCHASED BEFORE THE ADVANCE IN PRICES.

Goods sold at retail less than present wholesale prices.

All Wool Cheviot Suits $6.00, worth $12.00.

See our $7.50 Cassimere Suits, equal to any $12.50.

Hundreds of Children's Suits, all Wool, $1.50 up, worth double the Money.

NEW HATS AND FURNISHINGS.

It would be pure folly and a waste of money to pay the exorbitant prices that you are called upon to put up for a hat, simply because you buy from an exclusive hatter. We show an immense assortment of all the newest shapes and shades in Derbys and Alpines, at prices that are right and which are from 25 per cent. to 33⅓ per cent. below others.

DRESS SHIRTS,
PERCALE SHIRTS,
NEGLIGEE SHIRTS,
NOBBY NECKWEAR,
DRESS GLOVES,
SIGHTLY HOSIERY.

Your money back if you want it.

S. H. Fishblate,

KING CLOTHIER.

oct 18 tf

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT Co.

FINE FAMILY GROCERIES.

Assortment and Quality Unsurpassed.

Prices Based on Small Profits.

PROMPT DELIVERY OF GOODS.

THE JNO. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,

15 and 17 South Front street, Wilmington, N. C.

Telephone 14. oct 6 tf

R. R. P. OATS,

1,000 Bushels R. P. Oats at low prices.

W. B. COOPER,

Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant,

226 North Water Street.

oct 20 tf D&W Wilmington, N. C.